

A Learning Based Hypothesis Test for Harmful Covariate Shift

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Covariate Shift Detection with a Learning Model

Setup:

- ▶ A classifier f is trained on a dataset $\mathbf{P} = \{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1}^n$ where $x_i \underset{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathcal{P}$
- ▶ f is deployed on unlabeled samples $\mathbf{Q} = \{\tilde{x}_i\}_{i=1}^m$ where $\tilde{x}_i \underset{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathcal{Q}$

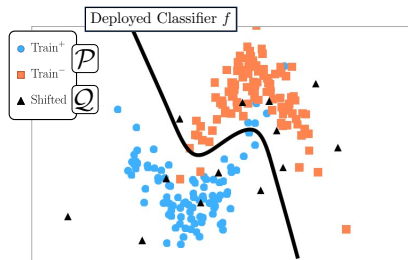
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Question:

- ▶ How can we leverage f to design a two-sample test for covariate shift between \mathcal{P} and \mathcal{Q} particularly when the observed number of test samples is small i.e. $|\mathbf{Q}| \ll |\mathbf{P}|$



Related Methods for Covariate Shift Detection

Dimensionality Reduction

- ▶ Autoencoder/PCA + Low Dimensional Two Sample Testing (Rabanser, Günnemann, and Z. C. Lipton, 2019)
- ▶ Black Box Shift Detection (Z. Lipton, Wang, and Smola, 2018)

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High Dimensional Two-Sample Testing

- ▶ Classifier Two Sample Tests (Lopez-Paz and Oquab, 2017)
- ▶ Deep MMD (Liu et al., 2020)
- ▶ \mathcal{H} -Divergence (Zhao et al., 2022)

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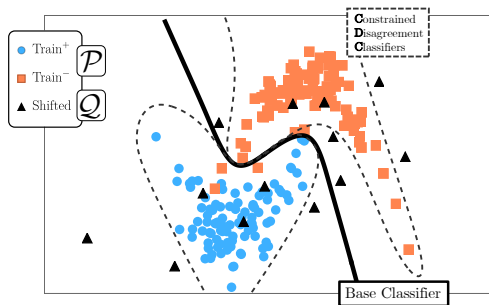
Shortcomings

- Not well suited to the small sample regime;
- Do not generalize for non Neural Network based models.

Constrained Disagreement

We build *constrained disagreement classifiers* (CDCs) to explicitly

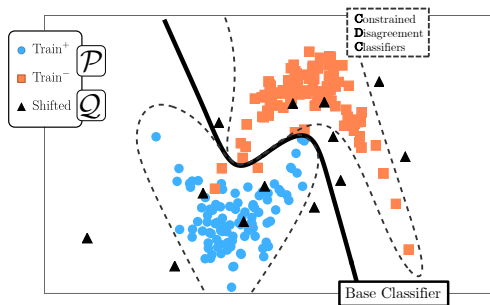
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- ▶ while, constrained to behave similarly in the training domain



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We introduce the disagreement cross-entropy (DCE) as a score that encourages a classifier to disagree with a target label $y \in \{1, \dots, N\}$

$$\text{DCE}(\hat{y}, y) = \frac{1}{1 - N} \sum_{i=1}^N \log(\hat{y}_i) \delta_{i \neq y}$$

The Detectron

A test for covariate shift using constrained disagreement

- ▶ We calibrate the expected disagreement rate of a CDC when trained to disagree on unseen data from the source distribution

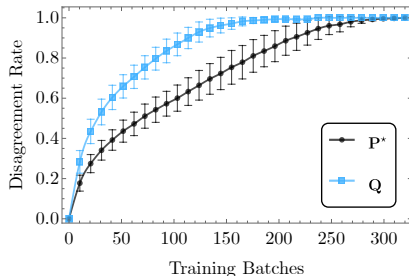


Figure: Training CDCs from a classifier f trained on CIFAR 10 to disagree on data unseen data from CIFAR 10 P^* and near OOD data (CIFAR 10.1) Q

The Detectron

A test for covariate shift using constrained disagreement

- ▶ We calibrate the expected disagreement rate of a CDC when trained to disagree on unseen data from the source distribution
- ▶ When training CDCs on out-of-distribution data \mathbf{Q} we can reject the null hypothesis $\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{Q}$ if the disagreement rate is above the calibration

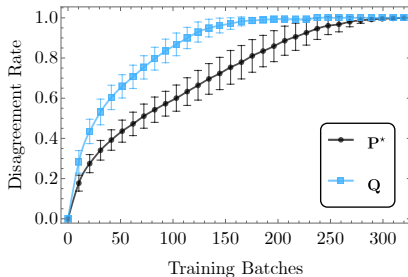


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Power of the Detectron Two-Sample Test

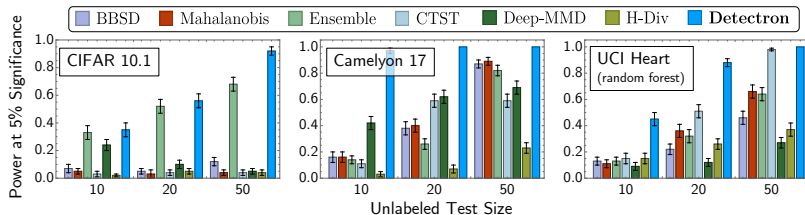


Figure: Detectron achieves compelling SOTA two sample testing results on several high-dimensional image and tabular datasets for extremely small sample sizes.

Concluding Remarks

- ▶ Our work presents a practical application for detecting covariate shifts that achieves SOTA performance on small sample sizes
- ▶ Our methodology works well on both neural networks and random forests





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Future Directions

- ▶ Exploring the relationship between model complexity, generalization error and test power
- ▶ Improving the computational runtime
- ▶ Using constrained disagreement as a representation learning objective to correct for covariate shift
- ▶ Data efficient + learning-based methods for label and concept shift

Thank You

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-  Ovadia, Yaniv et al. (2019). “Can you trust your model’s uncertainty? Evaluating predictive uncertainty under dataset shift”. In: *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*. Ed. by H. Wallach et al. Vol. 32. Curran Associates, Inc.

-  Lopez-Paz, David and Maxime Oquab (2017). “Revisiting Classifier Two-Sample Tests”. In: *International Conference on Learning Representations*. URL: <https://openreview.net/forum?id=SJkXfE5xx>.
-  Liu, Feng et al. (2020). “Learning deep kernels for non-parametric two-sample tests”. In: *International conference on machine learning*. PMLR, pp. 6316–6326.
-  Zhao, Shengjia et al. (2022). “Comparing Distributions by Measuring Differences that Affect Decision Making”. In: *International Conference on Learning Representations*. URL: <https://openreview.net/forum?id=KB5onONJIAU>.