## Gaussians

## CSC311, Winter 2023

- 1. We draw 3 points from a Multivariate Gaussian (1,0), (0,1), and (2,2). Find the MLE for  $\mu$  and  $\Sigma$ .
- 2. (a) True or False
  i) If X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>2</sub> are both normally distributed and independent, then (X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub>) must have multivariate normal distribution.
  ii) If (X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub>) has multivariate normal distribution, then X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>2</sub> are independent.
  - (b) Affine transformation  $X = (X_1, X_2, ..., X_n)^T$  is an *n*-dimensional random vector which has multivariate normal distribution. If  $X \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$  and Y = BX + c is an affine transformation of X, where c is a constant  $m \times 1$  vector and B is a constant  $m \times n$  matrix, what is the mean and covariance of Y?
- 3. We are given a 2-dimensional multivariate Gaussian random variable Z, with mean  $\mu = 0$  and covariance  $\Sigma = \mathbf{I}$ . Find the covariance matrix of a multivariate Gaussian such that the axes  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  of the isocontours of the density are elliptically shaped with major/minor axis lengths in a 4:3 ratio, and the axes are rotated 45 degrees counterclockwise.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Adapted from UC Berkeley problems