Improving Noisy Boundary Extractions via Cross-patch Attention

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Motivation

 Existing boundary extraction algorithms perform worse on noisy input images: the outputs often contain incorrect extra boundaries or miss parts of the correct boundaries.

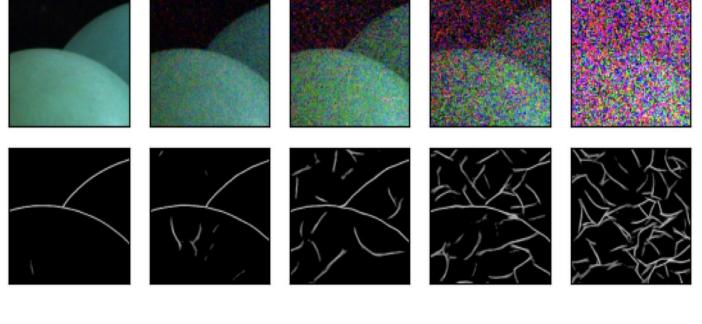


Figure 1: Boundary extraction result as noise increases using the Boundary Attention Model from [1]

- The extraction results can differ a lot even across noisy samples of the same image with the same noise level.
- Thus, we hope to train a model that takes in the boundary result of multiple noisy samples of the same image and extracts the correct boundaries.

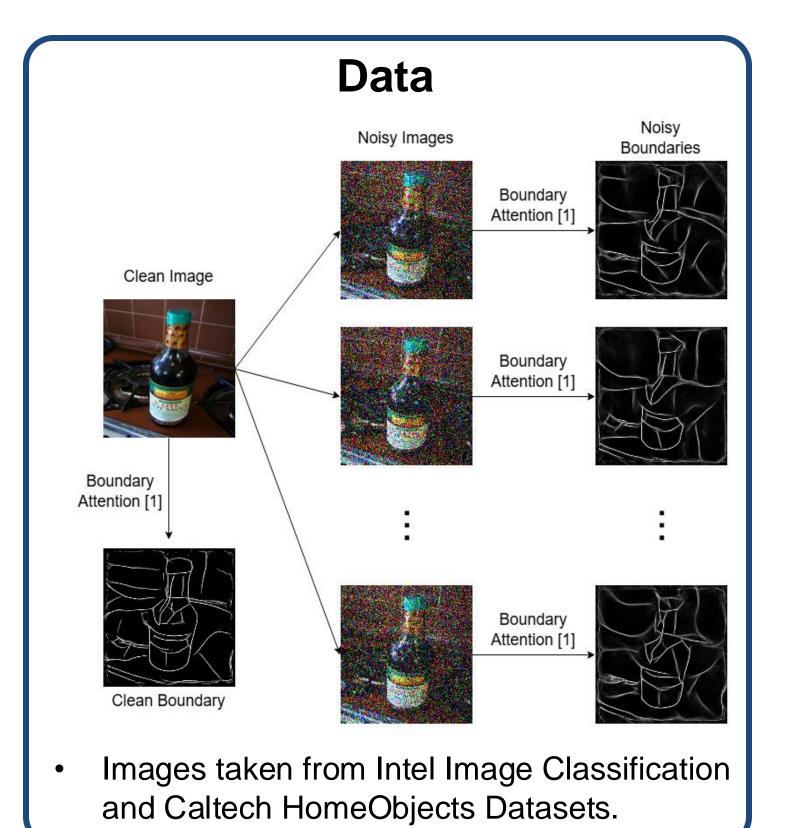
Related Work

Boundary Extraction at Low SNR

- [1] and [2] represent boundary elements as "junctions" where boundaries meet and learn junction representations.
- Trained on synthetic images, but it claims to generalize well to real-world images.

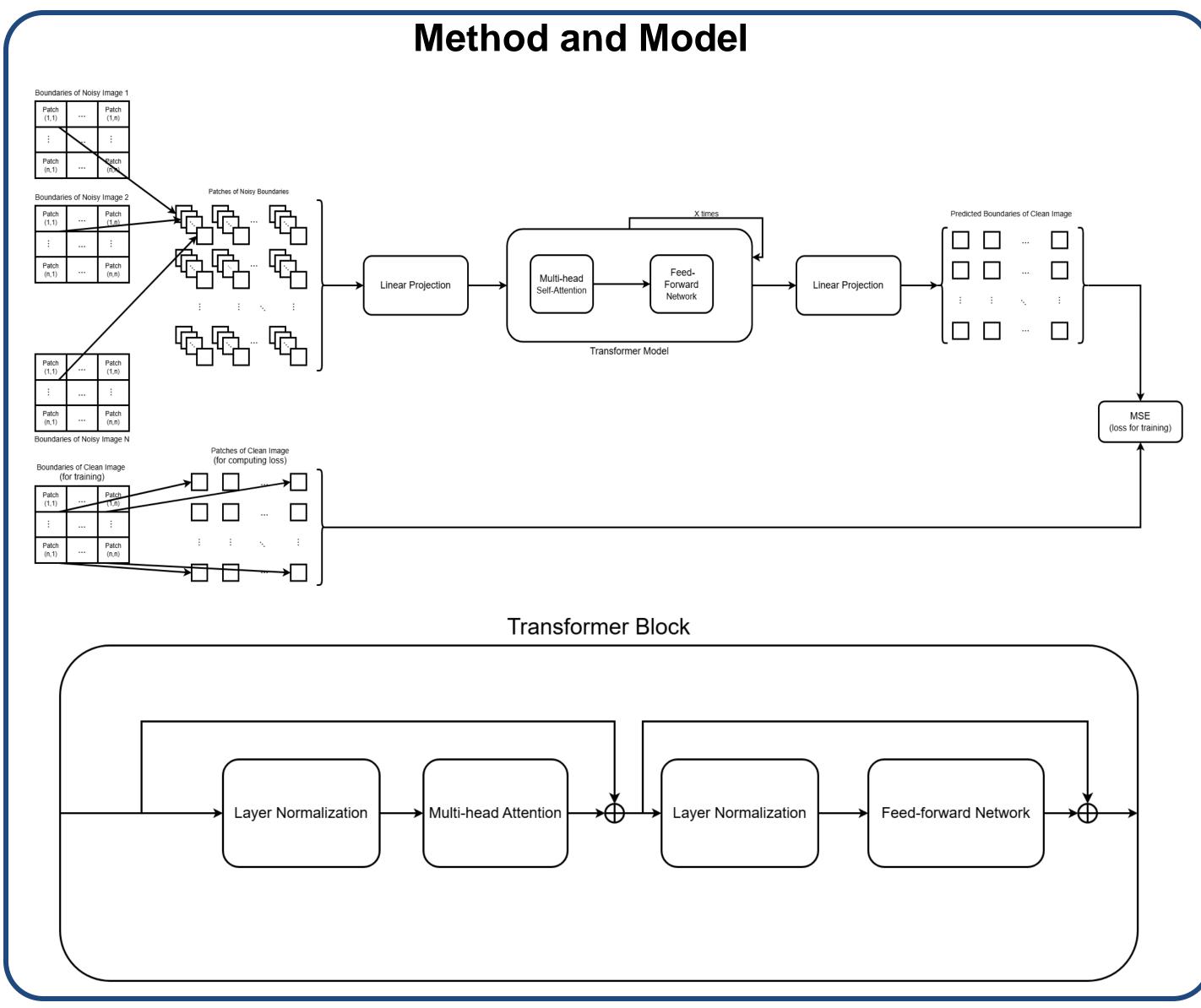
Vision Transformer

- The vision transformer takes in patches of the input images as "tokens" to learn their spatial relationships.
- Motivation to apply attention to corresponding patches of the noisy boundaries.



References

[1] Polansky, Herrmann, Hur, Sun, Verbin, Zickler. Boundary attention: Learning curves, corners, junctions and grouping, 2024. [2] Verbin, Zickler. Field of junctions: Extracting boundary structure at low SNR, Oct 2021. [3] Moreels, P., & Perona, P. (2022). Caltech Home Objects 2006 CaltechDATA. [4] Intel, Image Classification Challenge.



Experimental Results

