APS360 Fundamentals of AI

Lisa Zhang

Lecture 11; Feb 14, 2019

Announcement

- Additional PyTorch tutorials
- Assignment 4 Corrections
- Project Teams
- ▶ Midterm (next Thursday, room RW117)

Agenda

- Recurrent Neural Network
- Sentiment analysis

Recurrent Neural Networks

Variable Length Input

▶ When working with text (and other inputs), we are interested in working with variable-sized inputs.

When have we seen variable-sized inputs before?

Variable Length Input

► When working with text (and other inputs), we are interested in working with variable-sized inputs.

When have we seen variable-sized inputs before?

Convolutional Neural Networks!

Long Dependency

Today has been the best day of my life . . . not.

Want:

An architecture that

- ► Can take in variable-sized sequential input
- Can remember things over time: has some sort of memory or state

Want:

An architecture that

- Can take in variable-sized sequential input
- Can remember things over time: has some sort of memory or state

Recurrent Neural Networks!

Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)

- ► Make predictions based on a sequence (input is a sequence)
- Generate a sequence (output is a sequence)
- Or both! The setting where both input and output are sequences is called a sequence-to-sequence prediction
 - Example: Machine translation

RNN as a dynamical system

We can think of RNN as a dynamical system, that updates the hidden units based on the next input:

```
hidden = f(last_hidden, input)
output = g(hidden)
```

Where f and g are a multi-layer perceptron (neural networks).

Reuse of f and g

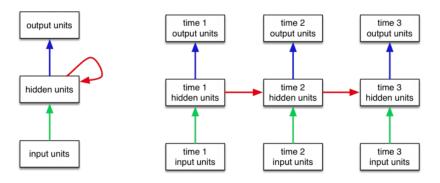
The functions f and g are reused across all "time steps"

```
next_hidden = f(hidden, next_input)
next_output = g(next_hidden)
```

next_output = g(next_hidden)

Where f and g are a multi-layer perceptron (neural networks).

Picture

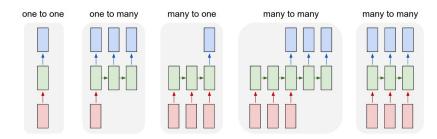


Variable Sequences

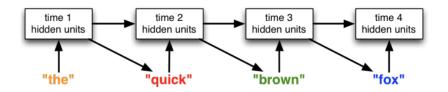
For inputs of various lengths...

- Apply f and g multiple times
- ► Apply f and g different number of times for different inputs

RNN Applications



RNN Generating Sequences



When we generate from the model, the **output** feed back into the network as **inputs**.

Computation Considerations

- Vocabularies very large, how do we encode the input?
- ► Harder to implement than MLP and CNN
 - e.g. harder to do things like batching

Let's move to PyTorch!