

- 252 (McCarthy's 91 problem) Let i be an integer variable. Let
 $M = \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } i := 91 \text{ fi}$
(a) Prove $M \Leftarrow \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } i := i + 11. M. M \text{ fi}.$
(b) Find the execution time of M as refined in part (a).

After trying the question, scroll down to the solution.

(a) Prove $M \Leftarrow \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } i := i + 11. M. M \text{ fi}.$

§ by cases. First case:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & i > 100 \wedge (i := i - 10) && \text{generalization} \\
 \Rightarrow & i > 100 \wedge (i := i - 10) \vee i \leq 100 \wedge (i := 91) && \text{case analysis} \\
 = & M
 \end{aligned}$$

Last case:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & i \leq 100 \wedge (i := i + 11. M. M) && \text{expand first } M \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge (i := i + 11. \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } i := 91 \text{ fi}. M) && \text{distribute } M \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge (i := i + 11. \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10. M \text{ else } i := 91. M \text{ fi}) \\
 & && \text{expand } M \text{ twice, expand the assignments within each } M \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge (i := i + 11. \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10. \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i' = i - 10 \text{ else } i' = 91 \text{ fi} \\
 & && \text{else } i := 91. \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i' = i - 10 \text{ else } i' = 91 \text{ fi fi}) \\
 & && \text{substitution law twice} \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge (i := i + 11. \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then if } i > 110 \text{ then } i' = i - 20 \text{ else } i' = 91 \text{ fi} \\
 & && \text{else if } \perp \text{ then } i' = 81 \text{ else } i' = 91 \text{ fi fi}) && \text{simplify ifs} \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge (i := i + 11. \text{if } i > 110 \text{ then } i' = i - 20 \text{ else } i' = 91 \text{ fi}) && \text{substitution law} \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge \text{if } i > 99 \text{ then } i' = i - 9 \text{ else } i' = 91 \text{ fi} && \text{use context} \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge \text{if } i = 100 \text{ then } i' = 91 \text{ else } i' = 91 \text{ fi} && \text{case idempotent} \\
 = & i \leq 100 \wedge i' = 91 && \text{generalization} \\
 \Rightarrow & i > 100 \wedge (i := i - 10) \vee i \leq 100 \wedge (i := 91) && \text{case analysis} \\
 = & M
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Find the execution time of M as refined in part (a).

§ It is enough to add a single time increment before the first call, although it would not be wrong to add another before the last call.

$$T \Leftarrow \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } i := i + 11. t := t + 1. T. T \text{ fi}$$

It isn't obvious to me what the timing specification T should be, so I executed the program and found $\text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } t' = t \text{ else } t' = t + 101 - i \text{ fi}$. I also found that, although the case $i > 100$ can be easily proven by itself,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & i > 100 \wedge (i := i - 10) && \text{generalization} \\
 \Rightarrow & i > 100 \wedge (i := i - 10) \vee i \leq 100 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i && \text{expand assignment and drop a conjunct} \\
 \Rightarrow & i > 100 \wedge t' = t \vee i \leq 100 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i && \text{case analysis} \\
 = & \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } t' = t \text{ else } t' = t + 101 - i \text{ fi}
 \end{aligned}$$

the last case $i \leq 100$ cannot, and requires the $i > 100$ case. I start with the right side of the refinement.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \\
 & \text{else } i := i + 11. t := t + 1. \\
 & \quad \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } t' = t \text{ else } t' = t + 101 - i \text{ fi.} \\
 & \quad \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } t' = t \text{ else } t' = t + 101 - i \text{ fi fi}
 \end{aligned}$$

Now I see that the timing specification isn't strong enough because the first call forgets the value of i which is still needed for the second call. So I strengthen it, and define T as

$$T = \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } t := t + 101 - i. i := 91 \text{ fi}$$

and now prove the refinement. Starting with the right side

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \\
 & \text{else } i := i + 11. t := t + 1. \\
 & \quad \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } t := t + 101 - i. i := 91 \text{ fi.} \\
 & \quad \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \text{ else } t := t + 101 - i. i := 91 \text{ fi fi} \\
 = & \text{if } i > 100 \text{ then } i := i - 10 \\
 & \text{else } i := i + 11. t := t + 1.
 \end{aligned}$$

expand the assignments of the final **if**,
and distribute the final **if** into the preceding **if**

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if  $i > 100$ 
then  $i := i - 10$ . if  $i > 100$  then  $i' = i - 10 \wedge t' = t$  else  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i$  fi
else  $t := t + 101 - i$ .  $i := 91$ . if  $i > 100$  then  $i' = i - 10 \wedge t' = t$ 
else  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i$  fi fi subst law 3 times
= if  $i > 100$  then  $i := i - 10$ 
else  $i := i + 11$ .  $t := t + 1$ .
if  $i > 100$ 
then if  $i > 110$  then  $i' = i - 20 \wedge t' = t$  else  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 111 - i$  fi
else if  $\perp$  then  $i' = 81 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i$  else  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 111 - i$  fi fi simplify if s
= if  $i > 100$  then  $i := i - 10$ 
else  $i := i + 11$ .  $t := t + 1$ .
if  $i > 110$  then  $i' = i - 20 \wedge t' = t$  else  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 111 - i$  fi fi subst law 2 times
= if  $i > 100$  then  $i := i - 10$ 
else if  $i > 99$  then  $i' = i - 9 \wedge t' = t + 1$  else  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i$  fi fi use context
= if  $i > 100$  then  $i := i - 10$ 
else if  $i = 100$  then  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i$  else  $i' = 91 \wedge t' = t + 101 - i$  fi fi case idempotent
=  $T$ 

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