## Assignment 2 hints, second portion

QUESTION 1: If you call the number of unlabelled binary trees with n nodes B(n) (or whatever you want to name this function), then you can break up B(n) into

- the number with n nodes and a left sub-tree with zero nodes, plus
- the number with n nodes and a left sub-tree with one node, plus
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- the number with n nodes and a left sub-tree with k nodes  $(0 \le k \le n-1)$ , plus
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- the number with n nodes and a left sub-tree with n-1 nodes.

You can make this expression precise using the  $\sum$  notation.

Now you need to prove that each term in your expression is equal to some expression involving B(k), where k < n. When you succeed, you will have proved that B(n) is the sum of expressions that involve B(k), where k < n. This is the step where you need to concentrate your proof-making skill.

You may find this approach unfamiliar (but unfamiliarity is occasionally a good thing), since in your proof you will focus on a typical term of your sum, rather than on manipulating the whole sum.