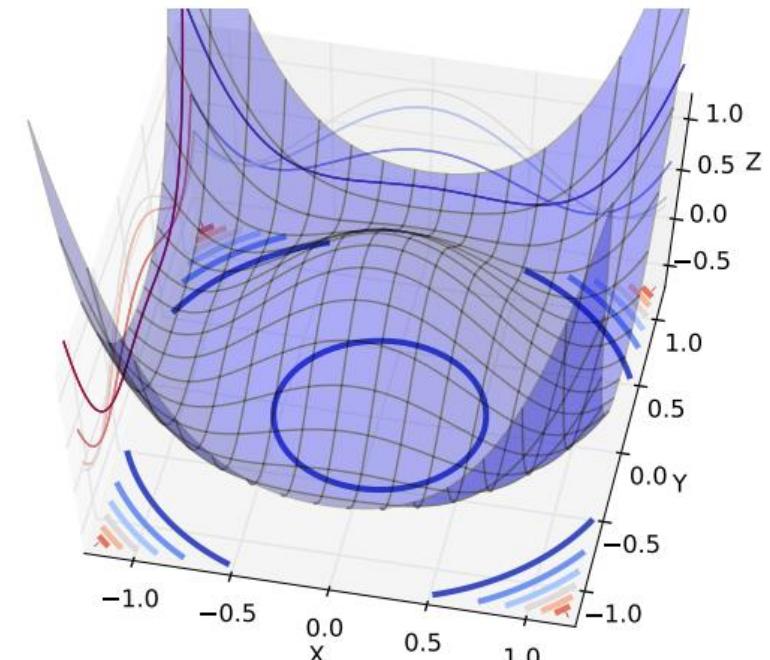
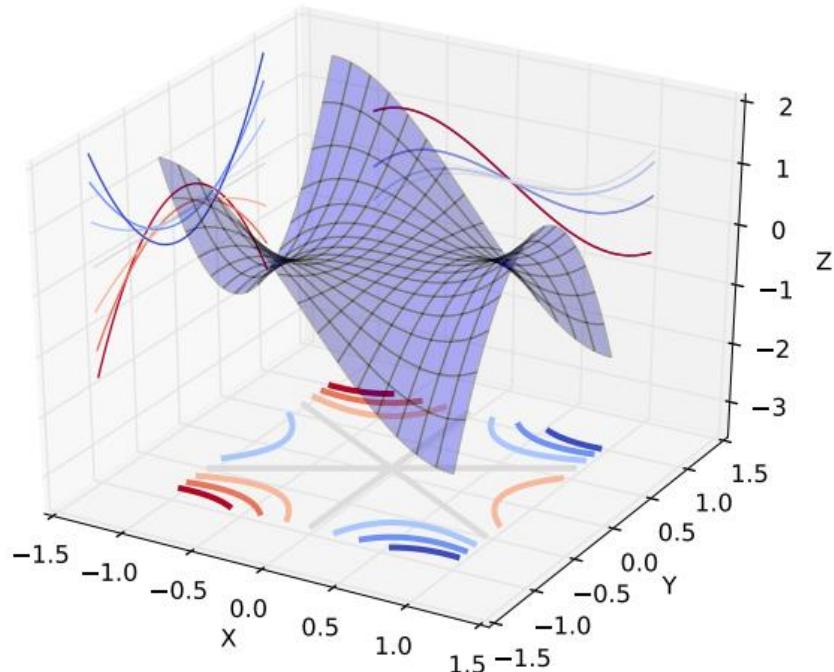


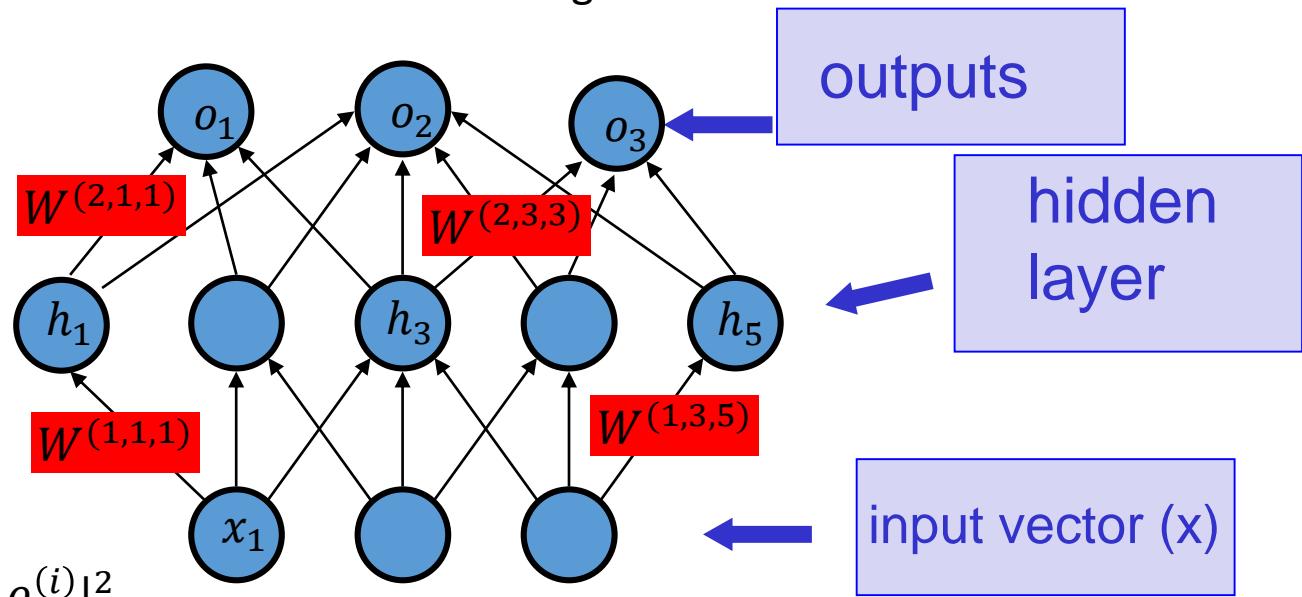
# Learning Deep Neural Networks with Backpropagation



<http://arxiv.org/pdf/1406.2572.pdf>

# Multilayer Neural Network for Classification

$o_i$  is large if the probability that the correct class is  $i$  is high



A possible cost function:

$$C(o, y) = \sum_{i=1}^m |y^{(i)} - o^{(i)}|^2$$

$y^{(i)}$ 's and  $o^{(i)}$ 's encoded using one-hot encoding

# On the board: Chain Rule

# Partial Derivatives of the Cost Function

- We need the partial derivatives of the cost function  $C(o, y)$  w.r.t all the W and b
- $o_i = g(\sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j + b^{(2,j)})$
- Partial derivative of  $C(o, y)$  w.r.t  $W^{(2,j,i)}$
- $$\frac{\partial C}{\partial W^{(2,j,i)}}(x, y, W, b, h, o) = \frac{\partial o_i}{\partial W^{(2,j,i)}}(x, y, W, b, h, o) \frac{\partial C}{\partial o_i}(x, y, W, b, h, o)$$
$$= \frac{\partial(\sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j)}{\partial W^{(2,j,i)}}(x, y, W, b, h, o) \frac{\partial g}{\partial(\sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j)}(x, y, W, b, h, o) \frac{\partial C}{\partial o_i}(x, y, W, b, h, o)$$
$$= h_j \frac{\partial g}{\partial \sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j}(x, y, W, b, h, o) \frac{\partial C}{\partial o_i}(x, y, W, b, h, o)$$
$$= h_j g' \left( \sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial o_i} C(o, y)$$

$$h_j g' \left( \sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j \right) \frac{\partial C}{\partial o_i}(o, y)$$

- $g(t) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-t)}$  

$$g'(t) = \frac{\exp(-t)}{(1 + \exp(-t))^2} = \frac{1}{(1 + \exp(-t))} \frac{\exp(-x)}{(1 + \exp(-t))} = g(t)(1 - g(t))$$

- $C(o, y) = \sum_{i=1}^N (o_i - y_i)^2$  

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial o_i} \sum_{i=1}^N (o_i - y_i)^2 = 2(o_i - y_i)$$

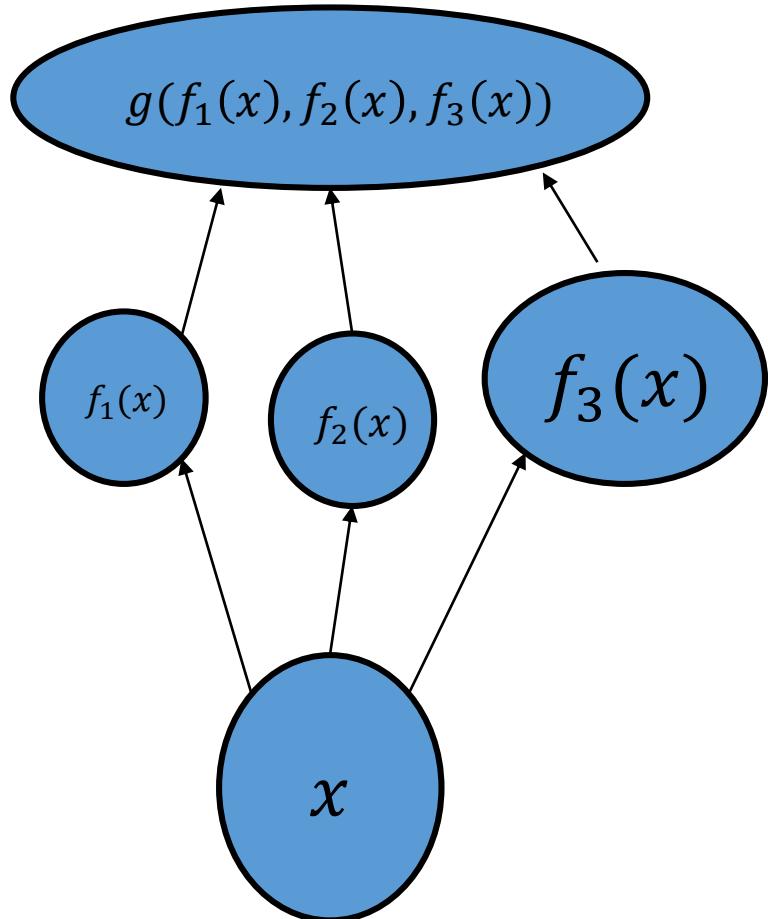
$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial W^{(2,j,i)}}(x, y, W, b, h, o) = h_j g' \left( \sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j \right) \frac{\partial C}{\partial o_i}(o, y)$$

$$= 2h_j \left( g \left( \sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j \right) \right) \left( 1 - g \left( \sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j \right) \right) (o_i - y_i)$$

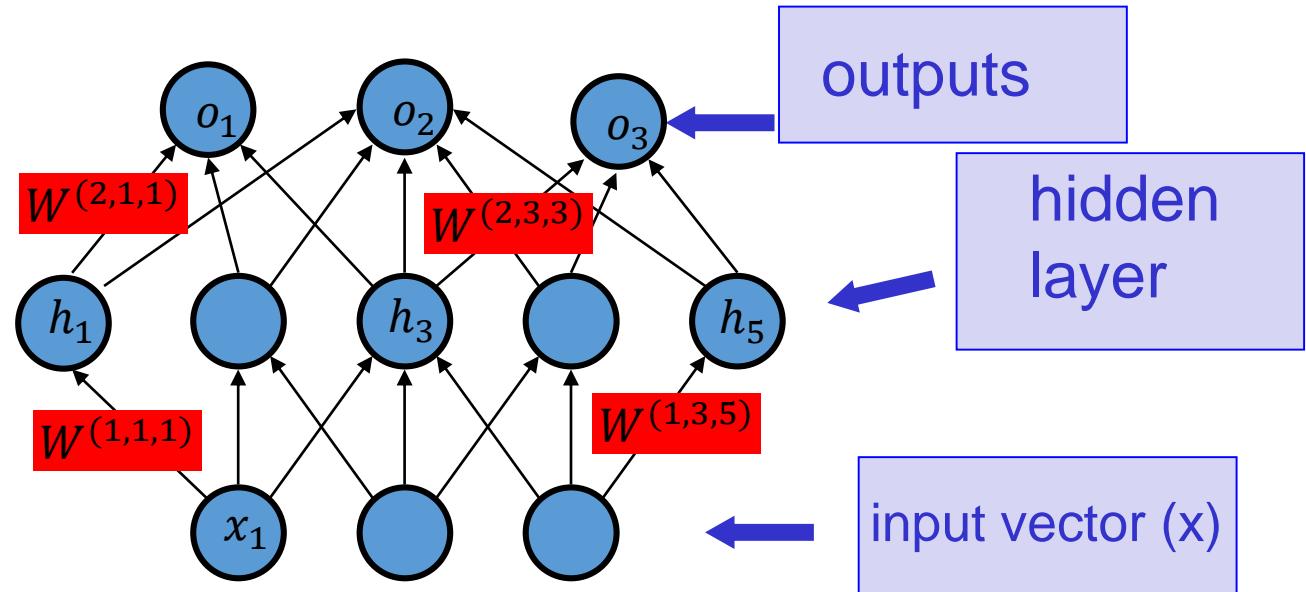
# Vectorization

- $\frac{\partial C}{\partial W^{(2,j,i)}}(x, y, W, b, h, o) = 2h_j g\left(\sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j\right) \left(1 - g\left(\sum_j W^{(2,j,i)} h_j\right)\right) (o_i - y_i)$
- $\frac{\partial C}{\partial W^{(2)}}(x, y, W, b, h, o) = h \cdot \left(g((W^{(2)})^T h) \cdot \left(1 - g((W^{(2)})^T h)\right) \cdot (o - y)\right)^T$   
 $= h \cdot (o \cdot (1 - o) \cdot (o - y))^T$

# More Chain Rule



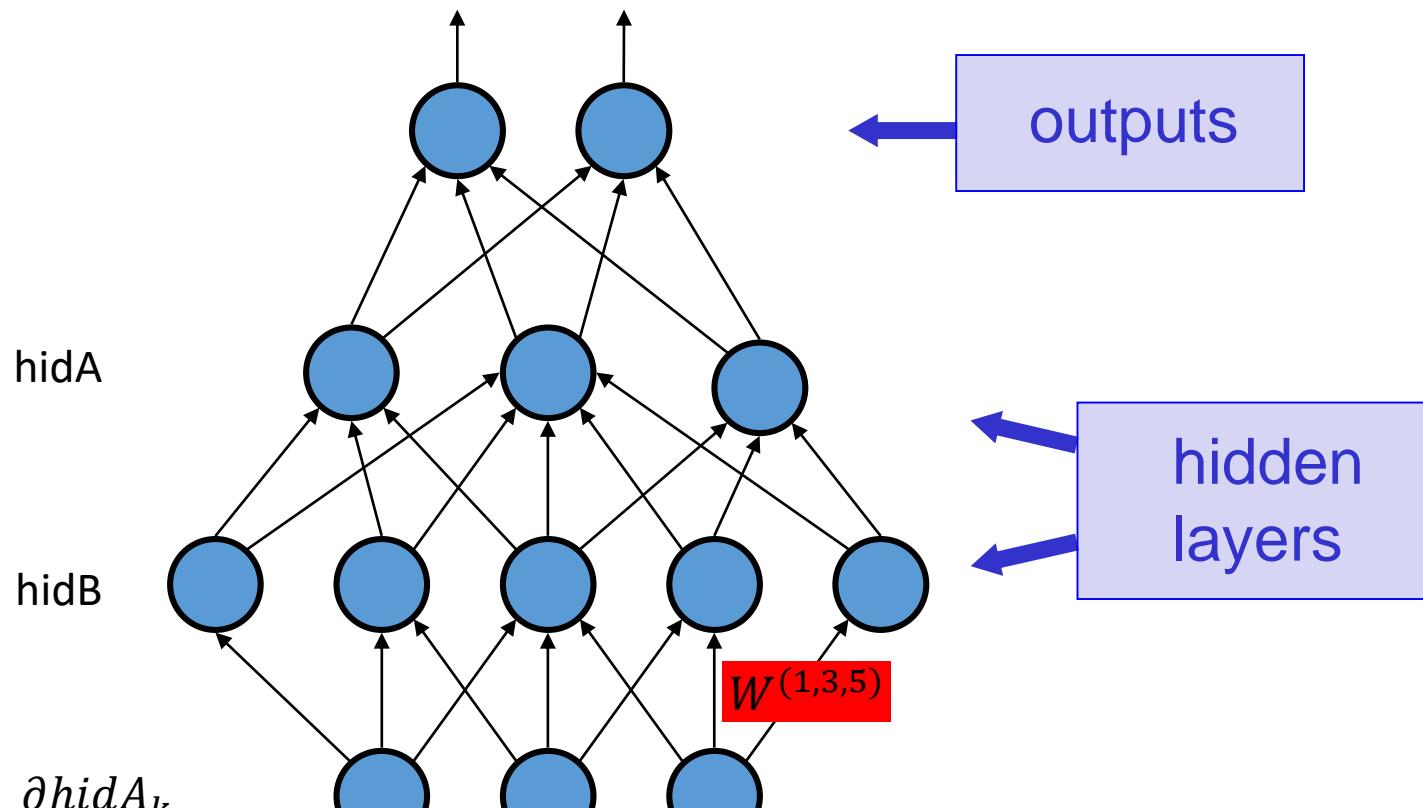
$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} = \sum \frac{\partial g}{\partial f_i} \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x}$$



$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial h_i} = \sum_k \left( \frac{\partial C}{\partial o_k} \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial h_i} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial W^{(1,j,i)}} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial h_i} \frac{\partial h_i}{\partial W^{(1,j,i)}}$$

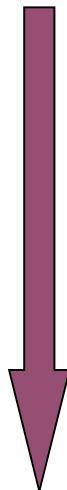
# Backpropagation



$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial hidB_i} = \sum_k \left( \frac{\partial C}{\partial hidA_k} \frac{\partial hidA_k}{\partial hidB_i} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial W^{(1,j,i)}} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial hidB_i} \frac{\partial hidB_i}{\partial W^{(1,j,i)}}$$

Back-propagate  
error signal to  
get derivatives  
for learning



Compare outputs with  
**correct answer** to get  
error signal

