# Controlling Prolog's Reasoning with Cut

The goal "!", pronounced "cut" always succeeds immediately.

It has an important side effect: Once it is satisfied, it disallows either:

- backtracking back over the cut, or
- backtracking and applying a different clause of the same predicate to satisfy the present goal.

You can think of satisfying cut as making a commitment both

- to the variable bindings we've made during the application of this rule, and
- to this particular rule itself.

### **Describing Cut (!)**

The cut goal succeeds whenever it is the current goal, and the **derivation tree is trimmed of all other choices** on the way back to and including the point in the derivation tree where the cut was introduced into the sequence of goals.

Cut tells us: "Do not pass back through this point when looking for alternative solutions.! acts as a marker back beyond which Prolog will not go. All the choices made prior to the cut are set, and are treated as though they were the only possible choices.

You can think of Cut as telling the interpreter: "Trust me — if you get this far in the clause, there's no need to backtrack and try another choice for groving this goal, or to try another way of satisfying any of the subgoals that were already proved for this goal."

#### How to Trace with Cut

When a "!" goal is satisfied:

- 1. Find the rule that has that cut.
- 2. Put an oval around the tree branch
  - from the node where the first goal matches the head of that rule
  - down to the node where the first goal is that cut.

For every node circled, no further branches will be explored from that node.

# 1. Cut Can Reduce Your Search Space

Cut can be used to improve the efficiency of search by reducing Prolog's search space. E.g.,

When two predicates are mutually exclusive.

```
q(X) := even(X), a(X).

q(X) := odd(X), b(X).
```

With cut

```
q(X) := even(X), !, a(X).

q(X) := odd(X), b(X).
```

## 1. Reducing Search Space (cont.)

```
a(1) :- b.
a(2) :- e.
b :- !, c.
b :- d.
c :- fail.
d.
e.
```

# 2. Cut Can Implement Exceptions to Rules

I.e., "To get the right answer".

Cut can be used to encode exceptions to rules. This is use in AI default reasoning.

```
bird(eagle).
bird(sparrow).
bird(penguin).
fly(penguin) :- !, fail.
fly(X) :- bird(X).
```

### 3. Cut Can Implement NAF

Cut can be used to implement negation as failure.

```
not(X) := X, !, fail.

not(X).
```

Note that not is a meta-logical predicate. It takes a predicate as an argument. E.g.,

```
not(fly(penguin)).
```

#### 4. Cut Can Remove Multiple Answers

Fixing our isaMother Example. Recall,

```
1)
     isaMother(X) :- female(X),parent(X,_).
     isaFather(X) :- male(X),parent(X,_).
 2)
3)
     isa(X) :- female(X),parent(X,_), !.
4)
     top(X) := isa(X).
     top2(X):= female(X), isa2(X).
 5)
     isa2(X):-parent(X,_), !.
 6)
7)
     top3(X):- female(X), isa3(X).
     isa3(X):-!, parent(X,_).
8)
9)
    parent(fred, sue).
10)
    parent(janet, sue).
    parent(fred,tim).
11)
    parent(janet,tim).
12)
13)
    parent(diane, william).
14)
    parent(cathy, kit).
15)
    male(fred).
16)
     female(janet).
17)
     female(diane).
     female(cathy).
18)
```

```
?- isaMother(X).
X = janet;
X = janet;
X = diane;
X = cathy;
No
?- isa(X).
X = janet;
No
?- top(X).
X = janet;
No
?- top2(X).
X = janet;
X = diane;
X = cathy;
No
?- top3(X).
X = janet;
X = janet;
X = diane;
X = cathy;
No
```

#### ... Picnic Example II

Returning to our Picnic Example:

```
holiday(friday,april14).
weather(friday,fair).
weather(saturday,fair).
weather(sunday,fair).
weekend(saturday).
weekend(sunday).

Rewrite picnic as follows:

picnic2(Day) :- weather(Day,fair), !, weekend(Day).
picnic2(Day) :- holiday(Day,april14).

Query picnic2(When). yields:

?- picnic2(When).
No
```

#### ...Picnic Example III

#### Recall

### ... Picnic Example IV

#### Recall

#### **Cut Summary**

#### Cuts are:

- + very powerful.
- + can help:
  - improve efficiency (reduce search space)
  - get the right answer (treat exceptions to rules)
  - implement NAF
  - remove multiple answers
- difficult to use safely.
- make for difficult to understand programs.