Speech-based Interaction: 
Myths, Challenges, and Opportunities

Cosmin Munteanu 
Institute of Communication, Culture, Information, and Technology 
University of Toronto Mississauga 
cosmin.munteanu@utoronto.ca

Gerald Penn 
Department of Computer Science 
University of Toronto 
gpenn@cs.toronto.edu

Abstract
HCI research has for long been dedicated to better and more naturally facilitating information transfer between humans and machines. Unfortunately, humans’ most natural form of communication, speech, is also one of the most difficult modalities to be understood by machines – despite, and perhaps, because it is the highest-bandwidth communication channel we possess. While significant research efforts, from engineering, to linguistic, and to cognitive sciences, have been spent on improving machines’ ability to understand speech, the CHI community (and the HCI field at large) has been relatively timid in embracing this modality as a central focus of research. This can be attributed in part to the relatively discouraging levels of accuracy in understanding speech, in contrast with often-unfounded claims of success from industry, but also to the intrinsic difficulty of designing and especially evaluating speech and natural language interfaces. As such, the development of interactive speech-based systems is mostly driven by engineering efforts to improve such systems with respect to largely arbitrary performance metrics. Such developments have often been void of any user-centered design principles or consideration for usability or usefulness.

The goal of this course is to inform the CHI community of the current state of speech and natural language research, to dispel some of the myths surrounding
speech-based interaction, as well as to provide an opportunity for researchers and practitioners to learn more about how speech recognition and speech synthesis work, what are their limitations, and how they could be used to enhance current interaction paradigms. Through this, we hope that HCI researchers and practitioners will learn how to combine recent advances in speech processing with user-centred principles in designing more usable and useful speech-based interactive systems.

**ACM Classification Keywords**
H.5.2 [User interfaces]: Voice I/O, Natural language, User-centered design, and Evaluation/methodology.

**Instructors' Bio**

**Cosmin Munteanu**
Institute for Communication, Culture, Information, and Technology, University of Toronto Mississauga, and Technologies for Ageing Gracefully Lab (TAGlab), University of Toronto
http://cosmin.taglab.ca

Cosmin Munteanu is an Assistant Professor at the Institute for Communication, Culture, Information, and Technology (University of Toronto at Mississauga), and Associate Director of the Technologies for Ageing Gracefully lab. Until 2014 he was a Research Officer with the National Research Council of Canada, where he designed mobile and immersive natural user interfaces for a wide range of applications. His area of expertise is at the intersection of Human-Computer Interaction, Automatic Speech Recognition, Natural Language Processing, Mobile Computing, and Assistive Technologies. He has extensively studied the human factors of using imperfect speech recognition systems, and has designed and evaluated systems that improve humans' access to and interaction with information-rich media and technologies through natural language. Cosmin's multidisciplinary interests include speech and natural language interaction for mobile devices, mixed reality systems, learning technologies for marginalized users, assistive technologies for older adults, and ethics in human-computer interaction research.

**Gerald Penn**
Department of Computer Science, University of Toronto
http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~gpenn/

Gerald Penn is a Professor of Computer Science at the University of Toronto. His area of expertise is in the study of human languages, both from a mathematical and computational perspective. Gerald is one of the leading scholars in Computational Linguistics, with significant contributions to the formal study of natural languages. His publications cover many areas, from Theoretical Linguistics, to Mathematics, and to Automatic Speech Recognition, as well as Human-Computer Interaction.

**Outline and learning objectives**

- How Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR) and Speech Synthesis (or Text-To-Speech – TTS) work and why these are such computationally-difficult problems
- Where are ASR and TTS used in current commercial interactive applications
- What are the usability issues surrounding speech-based interaction systems, particularly in mobile and pervasive computing
• What are the challenges in enabling speech as a modality for mobile interaction
• What is the current state-of-the-art in ASR and TTS research
• What are the differences between the commercial ASR systems' accuracy claims and the needs of mobile interactive applications
• What are the difficulties in evaluating the quality of TTS systems, particularly from a usability and user perspective
• What opportunities exist for HCI researchers in terms of enhancing systems' interactivity by enabling speech

Course material and content
The most recently-presented tutorial slides are available as a sample at: http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~mcosmin/speech_tutorial/chi2015_speech-interaction_course.pdf

The proposed CHI presentation is continuously updated to include more examples and analysis of recent commercial adoption of speech recognition, notably developments on mobile platforms (such as Apple's Siri, Google's Voice Search, or Microsoft's Cortana). Similar to previous courses, and based on the feedback received from participants, the proposed CHI course material is currently being updated with new interactive examples and short group exercises.

A new sub-topic that was developed for the presentation at CHI 2015 is interactive speech-based applications centred around language translation, language learning support, and interacting across multiple languages. This was well-received by our CHI 2015 audience and will be updated and expanded for the proposed CHI 2016 tutorial.

The aim of the presentation is two-fold: present new concepts to the audience, and foster discussions and exchange of ideas. Slides will be used to introduce the main points, while videos and audio clips will be played to illustrate various examples. After (and during) each of the main concepts of the tutorial outline is presented, time will be allocated for interaction between presenters and audience.

NEW for 2016: in alignment with the location and theme of CHI 2016, the course will be updated with recent examples of interactive speech-based
applications that address sustainability and HCI for development, particularly focusing on how speech-based mobile interactions can provide support for marginalized user groups such as low literacy adults or older adults. In-class activities and examples will fit this theme, through the use of case studies from Prof. Munteanu’s extensive research in these areas.

Benefits to CHI attendees
The course will be beneficial to all HCI researchers or practitioners without a strong expertise in ASR or TTS, who still believe in fulfilling HCI’s goal of developing methods and systems that allow humans to naturally interact with the ever increasingly ubiquitous mobile technology, but are disappointed with the lack of success in using speech and natural language to achieve this goal.

Duration
Ideal course duration: 2 ½ hours. The material can be adapted for tutorials between 1 ½ and 3 ½ hours.

Requirements and hands-on activities
Typical presentation support (e.g. projector), with an emphasis on requiring a working audio connection for the presenters’ laptop as the tutorial relies extensively on audio and video examples.

The three-hour version of this course includes opportunities for classroom participation, discussion of recent uses of ASR and TTS in commercial hands-free products, as well as a case study discussion based on a recent project by the course instructors (a speech-based multimodal, mixed-reality behavioural training application).

The course also includes two interactive, hands-on activities. The first activity will engage participants in proposing design alternatives for the error-handling interaction of a smartphone's voice-based search assistant, based on an empirical assessment of the type of ASR errors exhibited (e.g. acoustic, language, semantic). For the second activity, participants will conduct an evaluation of the quality of the synthetic speech output typically employed in mobile-based speech interfaces, and propose alternate evaluation methods that better reflect the mobile user experience.

Participants
Ideal number of participants: the course interactive activities are based on forming groups of 4-6 participants. As such, there is no minimum or maximum recommended number of participants. In the past, this course has been typically attended by 20 to 50 participants.

No prior technical experience is required for the participants. The classroom activities will be conducted using the participants’ smartphones (Android or iPhone) – no software download will be required (the built-in phone functions will be used). Participants will work in small groups, ensuring that even participants without smartphone are able to fully contribute.