

{less}

Sass

What are LESS and SASS?

- CSS Pre-processor

- Converts code written in a preprocessed language to CSS

CSS

```
.outer {  
    -webkit-border-top-left-radius: 40px;  
    -webkit-border-top-right-radius: 40px;  
    -moz-border-radius-topleft: 40px;  
    -moz-border-radius-topright: 40px;  
    border-top-left-radius: 40px;  
    border-top-right-radius: 40px;  
    margin: auto;  
    background-color: #f00  
}  
  
@media only screen and (min-width: 677px) {  
    .outer {  
        width: 600px;  
        height: 600px  
    }  
}  
  
@media only screen and (max-width: 676px) {  
    .outer {  
        width: 200px;  
        height: 200px  
    }  
}  
  
.outer:hover {  
    background-color: #00e600  
}  
  
.outer .inner {  
    -webkit-border-top-left-radius: 40px;  
    -webkit-border-top-right-radius: 40px;  
    -moz-border-radius-topleft: 40px;  
    -moz-border-radius-topright: 40px;  
    border-top-left-radius: 40px;  
    border-top-right-radius: 40px;  
    margin: auto;  
    background-color: #000  
}  
  
@media only screen and (min-width: 677px) {  
    .outer .inner {  
        width: 200px;  
        height: 200px  
    }  
}  
  
@media only screen and (max-width: 676px) {  
    .outer .inner {  
        width: 50px;  
        height: 50px  
    }  
}  
  
.outer .inner:hover {  
    background-color: #ff0  
}
```

LESS

```
@import 'header';  
.outer {  
    @media @non-mobile {  
        width: 600px;  
        height: 600px;  
    }  
    @media @mobile {  
        width: 200px;  
        height: 200px;  
    }  
    .rounded_top(40px);  
    margin: auto;  
    background-color: @outer-color;  
    &:hover{  
        background-color: lighten(@highlight-outer, 20%);  
    }  
    .inner {  
        @media @non-mobile {  
            width: 200px;  
            height: 200px;  
        }  
        @media @mobile {  
            width: 50px;  
            height: 50px;  
        }  
        .rounded_top(40px);  
        margin: auto;  
        background-color: @inner-color;  
        &:hover{  
            background-color: @highlight-inner;  
        }  
    }  
}  
// IMPORTS, MEDIAS  
// CONCISE MEDIA QUERIES  
// MIXINS (Parameters)  
// VARIABLES  
// NESTING  
// ATTRIBUTES AND PARENT SELECTION  
34
```

Why use a CSS Pre-Processor?

- DRY principle (*don't repeat yourself!*)

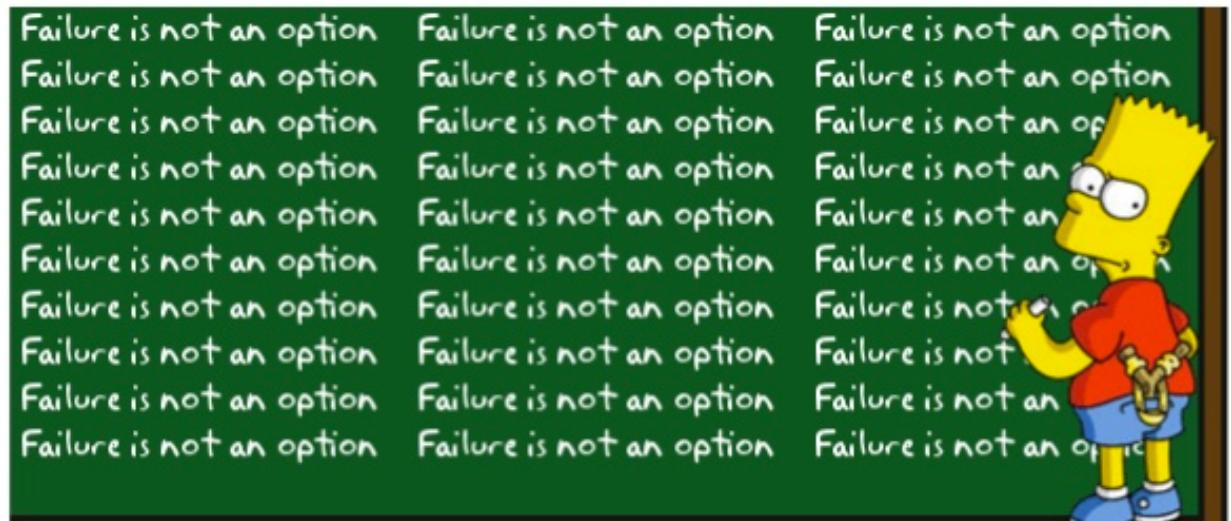
- Variables
- Mixins
- Functions

DRY principle applies

- Maintainability

- Readability

- Natural Extension



LESS or SASS?

LESS

- Easier to transition from CSS
- Resembles CSS (Natural Extension)
- Syntax is not as jarring as SASS
- Newer than SASS, inspired from it

SASS

- Syntax is quite different from CSS
- Symbols used are similar to bash
- More functionality/capabilities than LESS
- Complex tasks (loops, conditionals) are more pragmatic than LESS



LESS feature set

NESTING

CSS

```
div{  
    // some styling  
}  
  
div p {  
    // some styling  
}
```

LESS

```
div{  
    // some styling  
}  
  
p{  
    // some styling  
}
```

LESS feature set

NESTED ATTRIBUTES AND MULTIPLE CLASSES

CSS

```
div {  
    width: 10px  
}  
div p {  
    color: blue  
}  
div p.para-class {  
    color: blue  
}  
div p.para-class:hover {  
    background-color: red  
}
```

LESS

```
div {  
    width: 10px;  
}  
p {  
    color: blue;  
}  
.para-class {  
    color: blue;  
}  
.para-class:hover {  
    background-color: red;  
}}
```

LESS feature set

VARIABLES

CSS

```
div{  
    background-color: rgba(0,0,0,0.5);  
}  
  
div p {  
    color: rgba(0,0,0,0.5);  
}
```

LESS

```
@half-transparent: rgba(0,0,0,0.5);  
  
div{  
    background-color: @half-transparent;  
    p{  
        color: @half-transparent;  
    }  
}
```

LESS feature set

MIXINS, PARAMETERS, DEFAULT VALUES (Imagine using this a lot throughout your code)

CSS

```
div {  
  -webkit-border-top-left-radius: 3px;  
  -webkit-border-top-right-radius: 3px;  
  -moz-border-radius-topleft: 3px;  
  -moz-border-radius-topright: 3px;  
  border-top-left-radius: 3px;  
  border-top-right-radius: 3px  
}
```

LESS

```
// MIXIN (Parametric, Default Values)  
.rounded_top(@radius: 3px) {  
  -webkit-border-top-left-radius: @radius;  
  -webkit-border-top-right-radius: @radius;  
  -moz-border-radius-topleft: @radius;  
  -moz-border-radius-topright: @radius;  
  border-top-left-radius: @radius;  
  border-top-right-radius: @radius;  
}  
  
div{ .rounded_top(); }
```

LESS feature set

Imports

CSS

```
@import url("style.css") style;
```

LESS

```
@import 'style';
```

Did you know ...

- You can change the **extension** of .CSS files to .LESS and start typing LESS
- You can define **namespaces** similar to C/C++ that can ignore variables?
- You can use CSS functions by **escaping them**

CSS

```
div{  
    width: calc(100% + 30px);  
}
```

LESS

```
div{  
    width: ~"calc(100% + 30px)";  
}
```

Now it's time for the demo! :)

