Student (snum: integer, sname: string, major: string, level: string, age: integer) Class (name: string, meets_at: string, room: string, fid: integer) Enrolled (snum: integer, cname: string) Faculty (fid: integer, fname: string, deptid: integer)
Given above schema, write following queries using SQL
Q1: Find the department id of the faculty member named <i>I. Teach</i> .
Q2: Find the names of all junior students (level='JR'), and list in the order of age.
Q3: Find the number of classes that have an enrolment greater than 0.
Q4: Find names and majors of students who have enrolled in at least one class.

Q5: Find the number of students who have enrolled in at least two classes.
Q6: Find distinct names of all Juniors ($level = JR$) enrolled in a class taught by I . $Teach$.
Q7: Find the names of all students who have enrolled in both CSC343 and CSC443.
Q8: For all levels except JR, print the level and the average age of students for that level.
Q9: Find the names of all students and the names of all classes they are enrolled in (if any)

Given following database instance, compute the result of Q10

Student

<u>snu</u>	sname	major	level	age
101	Helen	CS	JR	19
102	Charles	CS	SR	21
103	Andy	CS	GR	25
104	Bob	CS	SR	23
105	Zorba	CS	GR	31

Enrolled

<u>snu</u>	<u>cname</u>
101	CSC343
101	CSC443
101	ECE300
102	CSC343
102	ECE201
103	CSC343
103	CSC443
103	ECE300
103	ECE201
105	CSC343

Class

<u>name</u>	meets_at	room	fid
CSC343	W1	BA1080	201
CSC443	T2	BA1170	202
ECE300	M1	BA1080	203
ECE201	F12	BA1060	203
CSC165	R3	BA1170	202

Faculty

<u>fid</u>	fname	deptid
201	S. Jackson	301
202	M. Shanks	301
203	I. Teach	302

Q10:

SELECT DISTINCT S.sname as Student_Name

FROM Student S, Enrolled E

WHERE S.snum = E.snum AND E.snum = 'CSC343'

EXCEPT

SELECT DISTINCT S2.sname

FROM Student S2, Enrolled E2

WHERE S2.snum = E2.cnum AND E2.cnum = 'CSC443'