University of Toronto CSC148 – Introduction to Computer Science, Summer 2002

# Mid Term Test – Section L5101

Duration: 50 minutes Aids allowed: none

Make sure that your examination booklet has 6 pages (including this one). Write your answers in the spaces provided. Write legibly. You may use page 6 for rough work (tear it off, if you like). If you require more space to answer a question, write on the back of the previous page, and indicate in the answer space where you answer is.

Surname:		
Given name(s)		
Given hume(s)		
Student #:		
TA's name:	(please circle below)	
Lisa Liu	Ying Qiu	Patricio Simari

# Please note that if you write the mid term in pencil, you will *not* be allowed to submit a remark request.

1.	/	6
2.	/	14
3.	/	5
Total:	/	25

# **Question 1: Design by Contract**

[6 marks total]

Below is a method, blah, that does something to an array of ints

```
void blah(int[] a, int z, int x) {
    int i = 0;
    while (a[i] != x) {
        if (a[i] > z) {
            a[i] = 0;
        }
        i++;
    }
}
```

#### Part A: Preconditions:

Below, list any preconditions (requirements) for the method blah (2 marks)

#### Part B: Method comment:

Below, write an appropriate method comment for the method blah. Phrase your comments at a high level – don't just re-write the Java code in English. (2 marks)

## Part C: Representation Invariant:

A Representation Invariant explains two different aspects of a class. What are they? (2 marks)

1.

2.

## **Question 2: Queue & Linked Lists**

[14 marks]

You will be writing a new class, LinkedQueue, that will implement Queue and use a linkedlist of LLNodes to maintain the Queue.

On the next page, I have written the beginning of the class, including the dequeue method. You will write:

- 1. The class header (2 marks)
- 2. the enqueue method (4 marks for implementation, 2 for comments)
- 3. the size method (4 marks for implementation, 2 for comments)

Note that you may *not* add any instance variables to the class, or modify dequeue in any way.

See the next page for the contents of the LinkedQueue class. Here is the code for the LLNode class:

```
class LLNode {
   public Object data;
   public LLNode next;

   public LLNode(Object o) { this.data = o; }
   public LLNode(Object o, LLNode n) { this.data = o; this.next = n; }
}
```

class \_\_\_\_\_\_ [2 marks]
LLNode head = null; // the head of the queue.
// NOTE: YOU MAY NOT ADD ANY INSTANCE VARIABLES TO THE CLASS
// Remove and return the element at the front of the Queue
// Precondition: the Queue must not be empty
Object dequeue() {
 // Algorithm: grab the first object, remove the node,
 // return the object. (do not modify this method)
 Object temp = head.data; // the object to be returned
 head = head.next; // remove the head from the list
 return temp;
} // end dequeue
// Add o to the back of the Queue.
Void enqueue(Object o) { [6 marks]

} // end enqueue

//Returns the number of elements in the queue.
int size() { [6 marks]

} // end size
} // end LinkedQueue

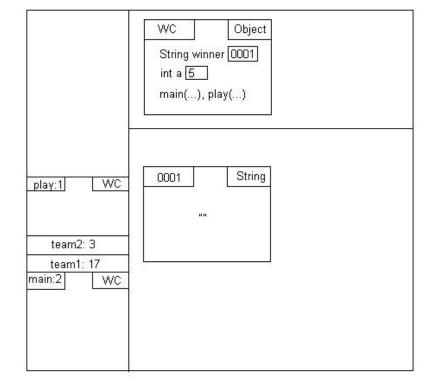
## **Question 3: Memory Model Tracing**

[5 marks]

Here is a memory model (this leaves out the address & object for argv, but don't worry about that). This memory model is from running the main() method in class wc.

Below are 4 possible classes wc. Indicate which class matches this memory model by circling the letter above the class.

(the line numbering for method play() in the memory model may be slightly off – don't let this bother you)



<i>A</i> :	<i>B</i> :
class WC {	class WC {
<pre>static String winner = ""; int a = 2;</pre>	<pre>static String winner = ""; static int a = 2;</pre>
<pre>public static void main(String [] argv) {</pre>	<pre>public static void main(String [] argv) {</pre>
a = 5; play(17,3); }	<pre>int a = 5; play(17,3); }</pre>
<pre>private static int play(int team1, int team2) { // pause here } }</pre>	<pre>private static int play(int team1, int team2) { // pause here } }</pre>
<i>C</i> :	<i>D</i> :
<pre>class WC {    static String winner = null;    static int a = 5;</pre>	<pre>class WC {    static String winner = "";    static int a = 2;</pre>
<pre>public static void main(String [] argv) {     winner = "";     play(3,17); }</pre>	<pre>public static void main(String [] argv) {     a = 5;     play(17,3); }</pre>
<pre>private static int play(int team1, int team2) { // pause here } }</pre>	<pre>private static int play(int team1, int team2) { // pause here } }</pre>

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