267 (*P*-list) Given a non-empty list *S* of natural numbers, define a *P*-list as a non-empty list *P* of natural numbers such that each item of *P* is an index of *S*, and $\forall i: 1, ..\#P \cdot P(i-1) < P \ i \le S(P(i-1))$

Write a program to find the length of a longest P-list for a given list S.

no solution given