

Value Expression

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new *term, sum: rat := 1.*

for *i:= 1;..15 do term:= term/i. sum:= sum+term od*

value *sum*

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axiom *P. (P value e)=e*

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and don't substitute in (*P value e*)

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and don't substitute in $(P \text{ value } e)$

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value axiom

= $x:= x+1. (x:= x+1 \text{ value } x)=x$

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Substitution Law but ...

= $(x:= x+1 \text{ value } x) = x+1$

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$y := (x := x + 1 \text{ value } x)$ assignment

= $y' = (x := x + 1 \text{ value } x) \wedge x' = x$ previous calculation

= $y' = x + 1 \wedge x' = x$ assignment

= $y := x + 1$

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P **value** *e*

execute *P* then evaluate *e* but no state change

implementation

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P value *e* execute *P* then evaluate *e* but no state change

implementation

Replace each nonlocal variable within *P* and *e* that is assigned within *P* by a fresh local variable initialized to the value of the nonlocal variable.
Then execute *P* and evaluate *e* .

Value Expression

P value e execute P then evaluate e but no state change

implementation

Replace each nonlocal variable within P and e that is assigned within P by a fresh local variable initialized to the value of the nonlocal variable.
Then execute P and evaluate e .

but some language implementations don't introduce local variables
so expression evaluation can cause state change

Side Effects

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not if there are side-effects !

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for reasoning

$x := (P \text{ value } e)$

becomes

$P. x := e$

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for reasoning

$x := (P \text{ value } e)$

becomes

$P. x := e$

$x := (P \text{ value } e) + y$

becomes

$(\text{new } z := y. P. x := e + z)$

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Don't neglect the time for expression evaluation.

Function

```
int bexp (int n)
{ int r = 1;
  int i;
  for (i=0; i<n; i++) r = r*2;
  return r; }
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bexp = $\langle n: int$

new *r: int* := 1.

for *i:= 0;..n do r:= r×2 od.*

assert *r: int*

value *r* \rangle

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$$a' < x < b' \iff a := x-1. b := x+1$$

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$$a' < x < b' \iff a := x-1. b := x+1$$
$$\langle p: D \cdot B \rangle a = (\mathbf{new}\ p: D := a \cdot B) \quad \text{if } B \text{ doesn't use } p' \text{ or } p :=$$

Procedure

variable parameter reference parameter, var parameter

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$\langle \mathbf{new} \ x: \mathit{int} \ a:=3. \ b:=4. \ x:=5 \rangle$

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$= a:=3. \ b:=4. \ a:=5$

Procedure

variable parameter reference parameter, var parameter

$\langle \mathbf{new} \ x: \mathit{int} \cdot a:=3. \ b:=4. \ x:=5 \rangle a$

$= a:=3. \ b:=4. \ a:=5$

$= a'=5 \wedge b'=4$

Procedure

variable parameter reference parameter, var parameter

$\langle \text{new } x: \text{int} \cdot a := 3. b := 4. x := 5 \rangle a$

= $a := 3. b := 4. a := 5$

= $a' = 5 \wedge b' = 4$

$\langle \text{new } x: \text{int} \cdot a' = 3 \wedge b' = 4 \wedge x' = 5 \rangle a = ?$

Procedure

variable parameter reference parameter, var parameter

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \mathbf{new} \ x: \mathit{int} \cdot a:=3. \ b:=4. \ x:=5 \rangle a \\ = & \ a:=3. \ b:=4. \ a:=5 \\ = & \ a'=5 \wedge b'=4 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\langle \mathbf{new} \ x: \mathit{int} \cdot a'=3 \wedge b'=4 \wedge x'=5 \rangle a = ?$$

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$$\langle \mathbf{new} \ x: \mathit{int} \cdot a'=3 \wedge b'=4 \wedge x'=5 \rangle a = ?$$

warning Use only for programs, not for arbitrary specifications.

Do not manipulate the procedure body.

Substitute arguments for parameters before any other manipulations.

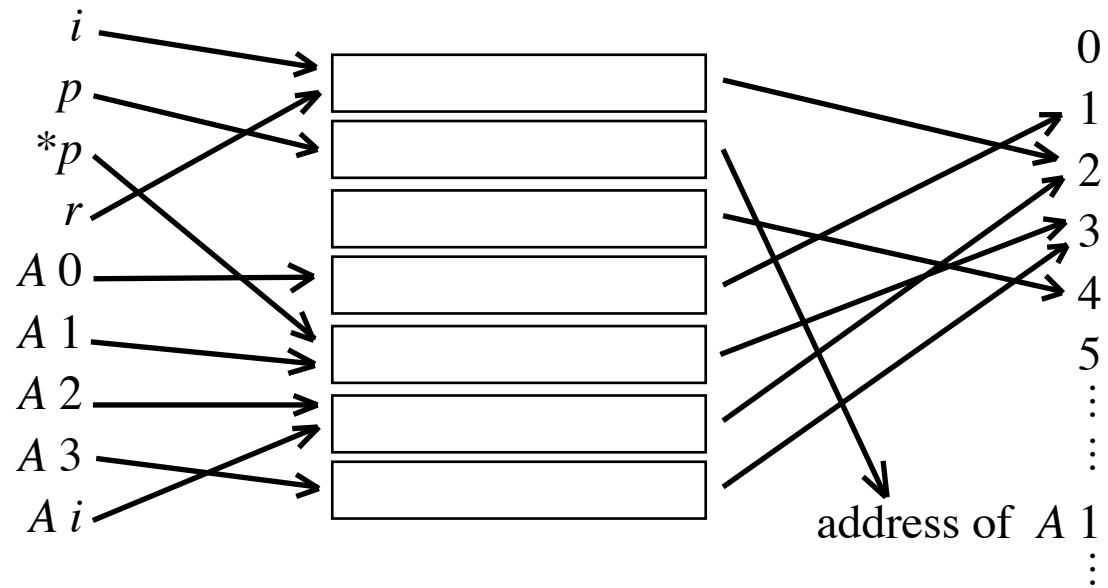
Apply programming theory separately for each call.

Alias

r, i	2
p	address of A 1
	4
A 0	1
$*p, A 1$	3
$A i, A 2$	2
A 3	3

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