

## CSC2302H

### Assignment 1

January 21, 2014

University of Toronto

**Due:** February 4, 2014

In this assignment you are to use `ode45` or `ode113` of Matlab to investigate some properties of Jacobian elliptic functions which arise in mathematical physics. In order to access the vector of piecewise polynomials  $S(x)$  (and its derivative,  $S'(x)$ ), associated with the approximate solution produced by `ode45` or `ode113`, you can use the routine `deval` after applying one of these IVP solvers. You might also find it helpful to make use of other options available with these solvers (options are invoked using the routine `odeset`).

The initial value problem that defines with the Jacobian elliptic functions  $sn, cn$ , and  $dn$  [Abramowitz and Stegun, Handbook of Mathematical Functions, 1964, section 16.16], corresponding to  $m = .59$ , is (with  $(sn, cn, dn) \equiv (y_1, y_2, y_3)$ ),

$$y_1' = y_2 y_3, \quad y_1(0) = 0,$$

$$y_2' = -y_1 y_3, \quad y_2(0) = 1,$$

$$y_3' = -.59 y_1 y_2, \quad y_3(0) = 1.$$

1. Using the approximate solution  $S(x)$ , develop and implement an effective scheme for determining the first seven zeros of  $y_2(x)$  and  $y_1(x)$ .
2. Using a similar approach, identify the value of and location of the first four local maxima of  $y_3(x)$ .

In writing up your solution, discuss your choice of tolerance and comment on the accuracy you feel is associated with your answers.