ALEX EDMONDS

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CURRICULUM VITAE

ABOUT	I completed my PhD at the University of Toronto, supervised by Aleksand Nikolov and Toni Pitassi. The focus of my research was on differential private particularly the local model, with connections to learning theory, informatic theory, and duality. My research with my collaborators gave sample-complexi characterizations under local differential privacy of fundamental tasks such linear query release, agnostic PAC learning, and realizable PAC learning. Currently, I am interested in moving into the applied side of data privacy. I ca bring a strong theoretical and analytical grounding to the task of putting priva- techiques into practice.		
INTERESTS	Differential privacy, learning theory, information theory.		
EDUCATION	University of Toronto2017 - 202Doctor of Philosophy - Computer Science2017 - 202	23	
	Simons Institute for the Theory of Computing201Visiting Graduate Student – Data Privacy: Foundations and Applications201	19	
	Simons Institute for the Theory of Computing201Visiting Graduate Student – Foundations of Machine Learning	17	
	University of Toronto2015 - 201Master of Science - Computer Science2015 - 201	17	
	University of Toronto2008 - 201Honours Bachelor of Science – Mathematics Specialist Program	14	
ACADEMIC AWARDS	PhD Thesis recommended for departmental award by external examinerUniversity College Galois Mathematics Scholarship201University College Alumni Association Scholarship201George Roderick Fraser Scholarship for Mathematical Studies200	12	
RESEARCH	Edmonds, A. (2023). "Sample-Complexity Optimality Under Local Differentia Privacy and Related Models (PhD Thesis)". http://www.cs.toronto.edu/ edmonds/doc/phd-thesis.pdf.	al	

My thesis gives a unified presentation of the results from [ENU19] and [ENP22]

which consider the problems of characterizing the sample-complexity under noninteractive local privacy of linear query release as well as both agnostic and realizable variants of PAC learning and refutation. In addition, my thesis presents joint research with Nikolov and Pitassi which derives a polynomial equivalence between sample complexities for learning under single-intrusion pan-privacy and learning under sequentially interactive local privacy. My thesis also presents research with Nikolov and Pitassi which derives a polynomial equivalence between the query complexity of learning under "correlational" linear queries and sample complexity of learning under non-interactive local privacy.

Edmonds, A., A. Nikolov, T. Pitassi (2022). "Learning versus Refutation in Noninteractive Local Differential Privacy". NeurIPS 2022. https://arxiv.org/abs/2210.15439.

We consider two basic tasks to be performed under non-interactive local differential privacy (LDP): learning and refutation. Whereas our previous work showed that agnostic refutation implies agnostic learnability under non-interactive LDP, it left open the question of the converse. This work resolves this question, showing these problems are equivalent by way of a complete characterization of the sample complexity of agnostic learning under non-interactive LDP.

We also consider the problem of realizable learning and realizable refutation under non-interactive LDP, giving an algorithm which solves the realizable versions of learning and refutation and a lower bound which shows that this algorithm is nearly optimal for refutation.

Edmonds, A., A. Nikolov, J. Ullman (2020). "The Power of Factorization Mechanisms in Local and Central Differential Privacy". Symposium on Theory of Computing, STOC 2020. https://arxiv.org/abs/1911.08339.

This work gives a general characterization for answering linear queries under non-interactive local differential privacy (LDP). In particular, we provide a generalization of the factorization mechanism. Giving a lower bound, we show this approach to be optimal in sample complexity. By extension, we also obtain an algorithm which solves both agnostic learning and agnostic refutation under non-interactive LDP. By extension of our lower bound for linear query release, we show that this algorithm is optimal for refutation. Thus, refutation implies learnability under non-interactive LDP, while the converse remains open.

Edmonds, A. (2017). "Concepts of Efficient Samplability". MSc Thesis.

My MSc at the University of Toronto was supervised by Dan Roy, with whom I studied formalizations of the notion of computationally efficient probabilistic sampling, a concept regularly defined in widely varied ways. In particular, we focused on the distinction between approximate sampling to arbitrary precision versus perfect sampling. Our primary question was whether the latter could be obtained as a consequence of the former. Both the negative and positive answers to this question were studied in relation to traditional open problems in complexity theory, such as $P \stackrel{?}{=} NP$.

PROJECTS	CSC2401 Project: Unsupervised translation between dialects with Word2	$Vec \ 2016$
	This project explored techniques for unsupervised translation between namely languages whose vocabularies sufficiently overlap, by way of the dis representation of words, Word2Vec, by Mikolov et al. These techniqu applied towards translation from both Middle English and Elizabethan En contemporary English and vice versa.	tributed les were
	CSC2515 Project: Gender classification with bi-directional recurrent new works	ural net- 2015
	This joint project with classmate Noah Fleming, applied an LSTM neural towards classification of writings in teen fiction according to the gende author. Application of support vector machines to vectors produced by W was also tested. With a training corpus of 40,000 documents, the rate of on the test corpus was 83%.	er of the ford2Vec
	Undergraduate Final Project: Gödel's incompleteness theorem	2014
	As a final project for the Mathematics Specialist program at the Univer- Toronto, I gave a four-hour seminar for my peers which introduced im definitions and concepts from logic, and proceeded with the classic proof of First Incompleteness Theorem.	portant
PRESENTATIONS	Conference on Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS) Learning versus Refutation in Noninteractive Local Differential Privacy	2022
	Symposium on Theory of Computing (STOC) The Power of Factorization Mechanisms in Local and Central Differential	2020 Privacy
	Theory and Practice of Differential Privacy (poster presentation) The Power of Factorization Mechanisms in Local and Central Differential	2019 Privacy
	Brookfield Institute for Innovation and Entrepreneurship Introduction to Differential Privacy	2019
CONFERENCES & WORKSHOPS	Conference on Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS)	2022
	Symposium on the Theory of Computing (STOC)	2020
	ACM CCS 2019 Theory and Practice of Differential Privacy	2019
	Simons Institute for the Theory of Computing Privacy and the Science of Data Analysis; Beyond Differential Privacy;	2019
	ACM CCS 2018 Theory and Practice of Differential Privacy	2018

Toronto Metropolitan University CanaDAM: Canadian Discrete and Algorithmic Mathematics Conferen		2017
	Simons Institute for the Theory of Computing Computational Challenges in Machine Learning; Representation Learning; Interactive Learning; Foundations of Machine Learning Boot Camp	2017
	Institute for Advanced Study Avi Wigderson is 60: A Celebration of Mathematics & Computer Science	2016
	Carnegie Mellon University PoCo: Summer School in Polyhedral Combinatorics	2015
	Queen Mary University Existential Polytime and Polyhedral Combinatorics: Two minicourses by Jack Edmonds	2015
REVIEW	 Reviewer for: ACM Transactions on Algorithms (TALG) IEEE Symposium on Foundation of Computer Science (FOCS) Journal of Privacy and Confidentiality 	2020 2020 2019
COURSES	A selection of courses taken at the University of Toronto.	
	 Graduate CSC2556 Algorithms for Collective Decision Making CSC2429 Proof Complexity, Mathematical Programming and Algorit CSC2501 Computational Linguistics CSC2506 Probabilistic Graphical Models CSC2515 Machine Learning CSC2404 Computability and Logic CSC2401 Computational Complexity Undergraduate MAT357, MAT457, MAT458 Real Analysis MAT347 Groups, Rings & Fields MAT332 Complex Analysis MAT327 Topology MAT309 Mathematical Logic 	hms

•	MAT332	Graph	Theory
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• MAT402 Classical Geometry

TEACHING	Course Instructor – University of Toronto	2018
	 Responsible for all aspects of the course, including: delivering lectures; organizing tutorials; creating assignments, tests, and m providing office hours; supervising teaching assistants. CSC236 Introduction to the Theory of Computation 	• • •
	Graduate Teaching Assistant – University of Toronto	2015 - present
	Led tutorials, held office hours, and graded assignments and exaCSC236 Introduction to the Theory of Computation	ms.
	• CSC240 Enriched Introduction to the Theory of Computa	tion
	• CSC263 Data Structures and Analysis	
	\bullet CSC2412 Algorithms for Private Data Analysis (graduate	course)
	• CSC2412 AI and Ethics: Mathematical Foundations and Al ate course)	<i>gorithms</i> (gradu-
	Graduate Teaching Assistant – Ryerson University	2014 - 2015
	Led tutorials and graded assignments and exams.MTH110 Discrete Math I	
	• MTH210 Discrete Math II	
	• MTH141 Linear Algebra	
	• MTH240 Calculus II	
COMMUNITY	Organizer and system administrator of Compter Science Graduat Matrix/Element server for instant messaging – U of T	te Student Union 2020-2023
	CS Theory Student Seminar organizer – U of T	2020
	CS Theory Student Retreat organizer – U of T	2019
	CS Graduate Student Board Games Club organizer – $U \ of \ T$	2017 - 2020
OTHER INTERESTS	Open-source software and hardware. Zettelkasten. Contact impro Singing. Music. Classic movies.	ovisational dance.