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## Makefiles

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## Compiling without Make

Say we have a program broken into two files (prog.c and sub.c), and each begins with

```
#include "incl.h"
```

We can compile the program in one line:

```
eddie% gcc prog.c sub.c
```

Or we can compile the parts separately:

```
eddie% gcc -c prog.c
eddie% gcc -c sub.c
eddie% gcc prog.o sub.o
```

### Reading:

- King, chapter 15

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There's not much point to doing it separately, *except* when only parts of the program need to be recompiled.

E.g., say I've changed sub.c and nothing else. I don't need to recompile prog.c.

```
eddie% gcc -c sub.c
eddie% gcc prog.o sub.o
```

This becomes really valuable when we have many files. But then it becomes hard to keep track of what needs to be recompiled.

This is what makefiles help us with.

## Makefiles

**General format:** A makefile consists of pairs of lines as follows:

```
label: item1 ... itemk
command
```

**Meaning:** To ensure that *label* is up to date:

1. Recursively ensure that *item1 ... itemk* are themselves up to date.
2. If file *label* is older than any of the files *item1 ... itemk*, then file *label* is out of date. Execute *command* to bring it up to date.

### Example:

```
pgm: prog.o sub.o
    gcc -o pgm prog.o sub.o
prog.o: incl.h prog.c
    gcc -c prog.c
sub.o: incl.h sub.c
    gcc -c sub.c
```

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## Running make

Script started on Sun Jan 19 17:13:22 1997

```
eddie% ls
```

```
README      makefile    prog.c      typescript
incl.h      pgm         sub.c
```

```
eddie% make
gcc -c prog.c
gcc -c sub.c
gcc -o pgm prog.o sub.o
```

```
eddie% pgm
```

```
hi
hi
hi
there
there
there
```

```
eddie% vi prog.c
```

```
eddie% ls -l
```

```
total 15
-rw-r--r--  1 dianeh   364 Sep 13  1994 README
-rw-r--r--  1 dianeh   406 Sep 13  1994 incl.h
-rw-r--r--  1 dianeh   477 Sep 13  1994 makefile
-rwx----- 1 dianeh  5844 Jan 19 17:13 pgm
-rw-r--r--  1 dianeh  1247 Jan 19 17:14 prog.c
-rw-----  1 dianeh  1416 Jan 19 17:13 prog.o
-rw-r--r--  1 dianeh   774 Jan 19 16:34 sub.c
-rw-----  1 dianeh   844 Jan 19 17:13 sub.o
-rw-----  1 dianeh    0 Jan 19 17:13 typescript
```

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```
eddie% make
gcc -c prog.c
gcc -o pgm prog.o sub.o
```

```
eddie% make
'pgm' is up to date.
```

```
eddie% vi incl.h
```

```
eddie% make
gcc -c prog.c
gcc -c sub.c
gcc -o pgm prog.o sub.o
```

```
eddie% make
'pgm' is up to date.
```

```
eddie% make sub.c
'sub.c' is up to date.
```

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## Tabs are Crucial

You absolutely must put a tab before each compile command. If you use blanks instead, you will get an unhelpful message.

### Example

Here's a silly makefile. The white space before the g++ command is made of blanks.

```
% cat diane1
blah: fred barney
    g++ betty
```

Here's what happens when I use it:

```
% make -f diane1
make: Fatal error in reader: diane1, line 3:
Unexpected end of line seen
```

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## Other pitfalls with make and tabs

If put in a blank before the tab, make will also freak out. Yuk!

But at least now you have some tools for figuring out the problem.

### So how can I “see” my tabs?

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