

### Internet of Vehicles: From Intelligent Grid to Autonomous Cars and Vehicular Clouds

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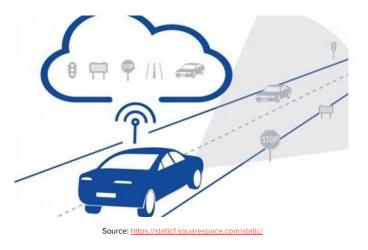
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### About this paper

- 2014 IEEE World Forum on Internet of Things (WF-IoT) Conference
- 159 Citations

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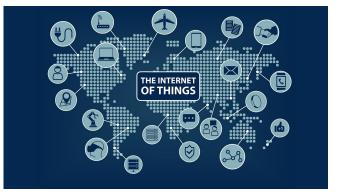
#### From Individual Vehicles to the Cloud

Collection of sensor platforms (GPS, ...) → Cloud → Network of Autonomous Vehicles

Utility Function of Autonomous Vehicles:

- Prompt delivery of the passengers to destination
- Maximum safety and comfort
- Minimum impact on the environment

Same evolution from Sensor Web to the Internet of things!





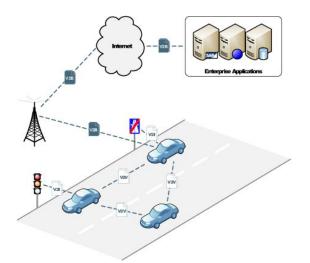
## From Individual Vehicles to the Cloud

**Visionary:** The vehicles will be better than human drivers!

- Less Pollution
- Lower Delays, Smoother Traffic
- Better Driver and Passenger Comfort

#### Handling catastrophes:

- Efficient communication with other vehicles
- Discover needed sources
- Necessity of secure communication
- Distributed Processing Environment

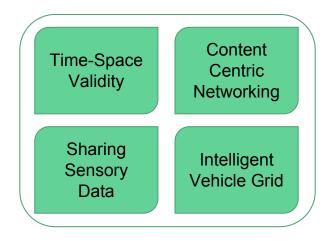






Characteristics observed in Vehicle Applications:

- Application Content Time-Space Validity
- Content Centric Networking
- Vehicle Collaboration Sharing Sensory Data
- Intelligent Vehicle Grid and Vehicular Data

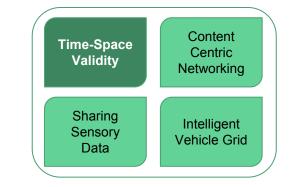




• Application Content Time-Space Validity

Vehicles as rich data "prosumers"

- Local Validity
- Explicit Lifetime
- Local Interest
- Time-Space validity of data → Scalability of data collection/processing/storage
- Data should be kept on the vehicle rather than uploading to the internet!
  - Enormous Spectrum Savings



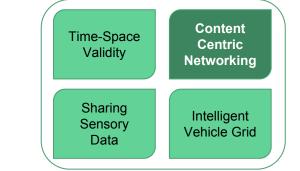
Interest in content not the provenance!

Flooding query messages to local area

Accepting responses regardless of the identity of the provider

Content Centric Networking → Management and Control of AUVs

- AUVs travel at high speed and short distance from neighbors → Up to date info
- In case of accident, the AUV must alert the driver







Producing value-added services

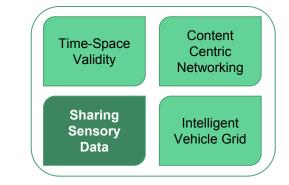
- **MobEyes:** Forensics, Witnesses for traffic accidents
- **CarSpeak:** Direct access to neighbor car's sensor data

Running autonomous driving applications

Intelligent Transportation System: Exchanging traffic congestion and road conditions constructing up-to-date road conditions database

Collaboration -> Ensuring stability of autonomous fleet







Vehicular Cloud: Instantiation of Internet of Vehicles

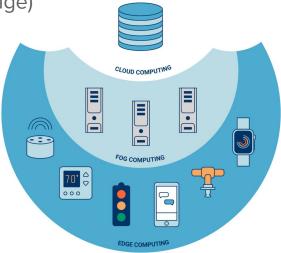
(protocols, services, etc to make vehicle grid work)

Vehicular Cloud Architecture → Autonomous Driving



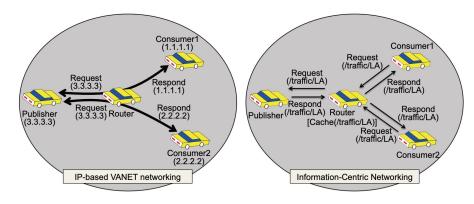


- Vehicular Computing
  - Conventional CC  $\rightarrow$  Mobile CC  $\rightarrow$  Vehicular CC
  - Mobile nodes with limited resources (computing + storage)
    - Cost to upload
    - Time-consuming to search and download
    - Local relevance
  - Edge Computing





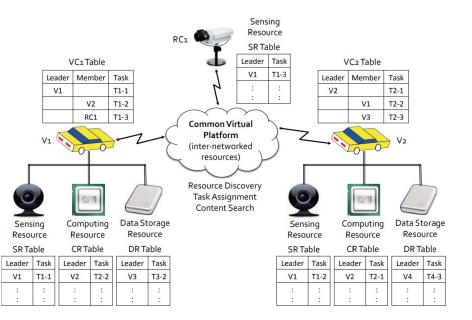
- Information Centric Networking
  - ICN focuses on what (content) instead of where (host)
  - Uses content names instead of IP addresses so that the
    - DONA (Data-Oriented Network Architecture)
    - PSIRP (Publish-Subscribe Internet Routing Paradigm)
    - NetInf (Network of Information)
    - NDN (Named Data Networking)
      - Interest from consumers
      - Data from publishers
      - Content name for routing





#### Cloud Resources

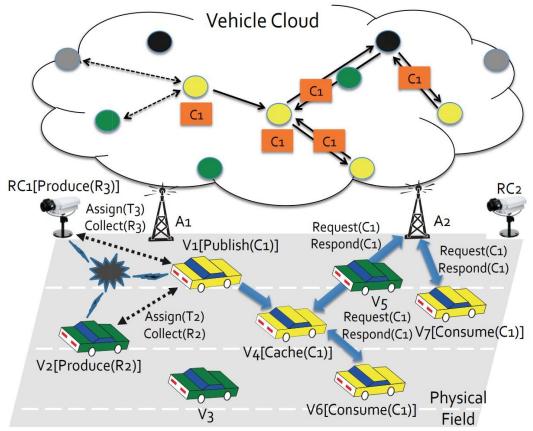
- Internet Cloud Vs. Vehicular Cloud
  - Storage, Sensor, Computing
  - Inter-networked resources
    via purely p2p connections
  - Negotiating the level
    Of resource sharing (brokers)
  - RSUs as stationery good negotiator role





#### Case Study

- 1. Cloud resource discovery
- 2. Cloud formation
- 3. Task assignment & result collection
- 4. Content publishing & sharing
- 5. Cloud maintenance (?)
- 6. Cloud Release





#### • NDN Network Layer

- VCC's "narrow waist" network layer is NDN
- Content found by exploiting geographic relevance more than naming hierarchy

#### Beacons and Alarms

- Sensors alone are not sufficient
  - Maintaining stable operations in high speeds
  - Extremely reduced inter-vehicle spacing
- V2V communications are necessary
  - Lead cars facing 4-stop intersections
  - Finding out about road conditions ahead





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#### • Intelligent Transport

- Using the existing highway network more efficiently
- Managing automatic charges
- Awareness of other mobiles sharing the road

- Infrastructure Failure Recovery
  - Gray period of human takeover
  - Losing knowledge of neighbors beyond sensor range
  - Maintaining a V2V supported propagation of traffic conditions and congestion





#### • File and Media Downloading

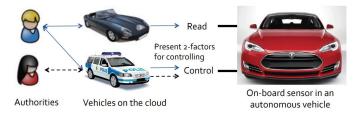
- Entertainment Marketing Strategy
- Bittorrent techniques via V2V support
- Broadcast only supported by V2V communications
- LTE would introduce too much latency and would not scale

#### Cognitive Radios and Spectrum Data-base Crowdsourcing

- Need for V2V between AUVs
- DSRC 75 Mhz spectrum exhausted by the basic safety applications
- V2V requirements supported by the WIFI spectrum



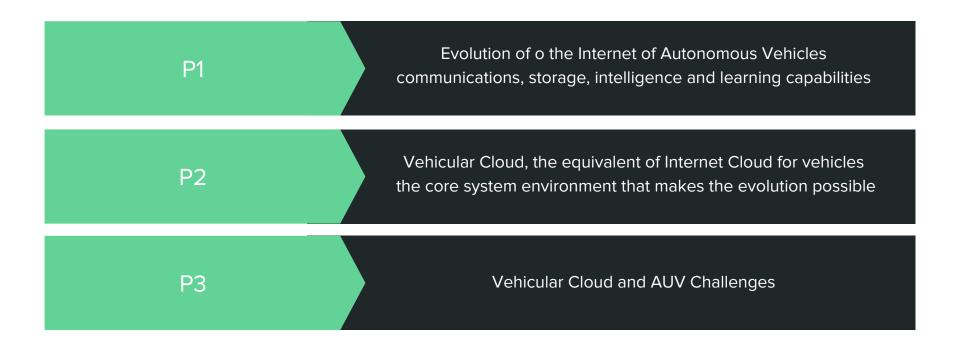
- Virtualization
  - AUVs might need to do "data mining"
    - Expensive computations must go to cloud
    - Privacy of the drivers + sensitivity of the application
  - Customization of the sensor platform to different applications
- Security
  - DDoS, Privacy, Confidentiality
  - Attacks targeting the steering or the brakes system
  - Access to the cars' internal mechanism
    - On-Board Diagnostics (OBD) & CAN
  - Multi-factor protection strategy





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### Summary



# Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

#### **Discussion Points/Questions**

