

CSC2209
Computer Networks

The Internet

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Administrivia

- Project presentations on Friday next week
 - 9 to 12?

- Lecture schedule has been slightly changed
 - Next lecture:
 - M. Gritter and D. Cheriton. An Architecture for Content Routing Support in the Internet. USITS 2001.
 - P. Francis and R. Gummadi. IPNL: A NAT-Extended Internet Architecture. Sigcomm 2001.

Old Network Research

- Can we make X work over networks / Internet?
 - Find a problem, build a solution
 - Flight reservations, radio, TV, fax, read newspaper, etc...
 - Can we help the user find stuff on the Internet?
 - Can we get the bits to the user (faster, better, cheaper, sooner)?
 - Can we let users communicate (sync. / async.)?
- How many types of Internet systems are there?
 - Delineate on functionality

Internet Systems

- What functionality do Internet systems implement?
 - Search (DNS, Google)
 - Communication (Skype, e-mail)
 - Delivery (file-sharing, Web)

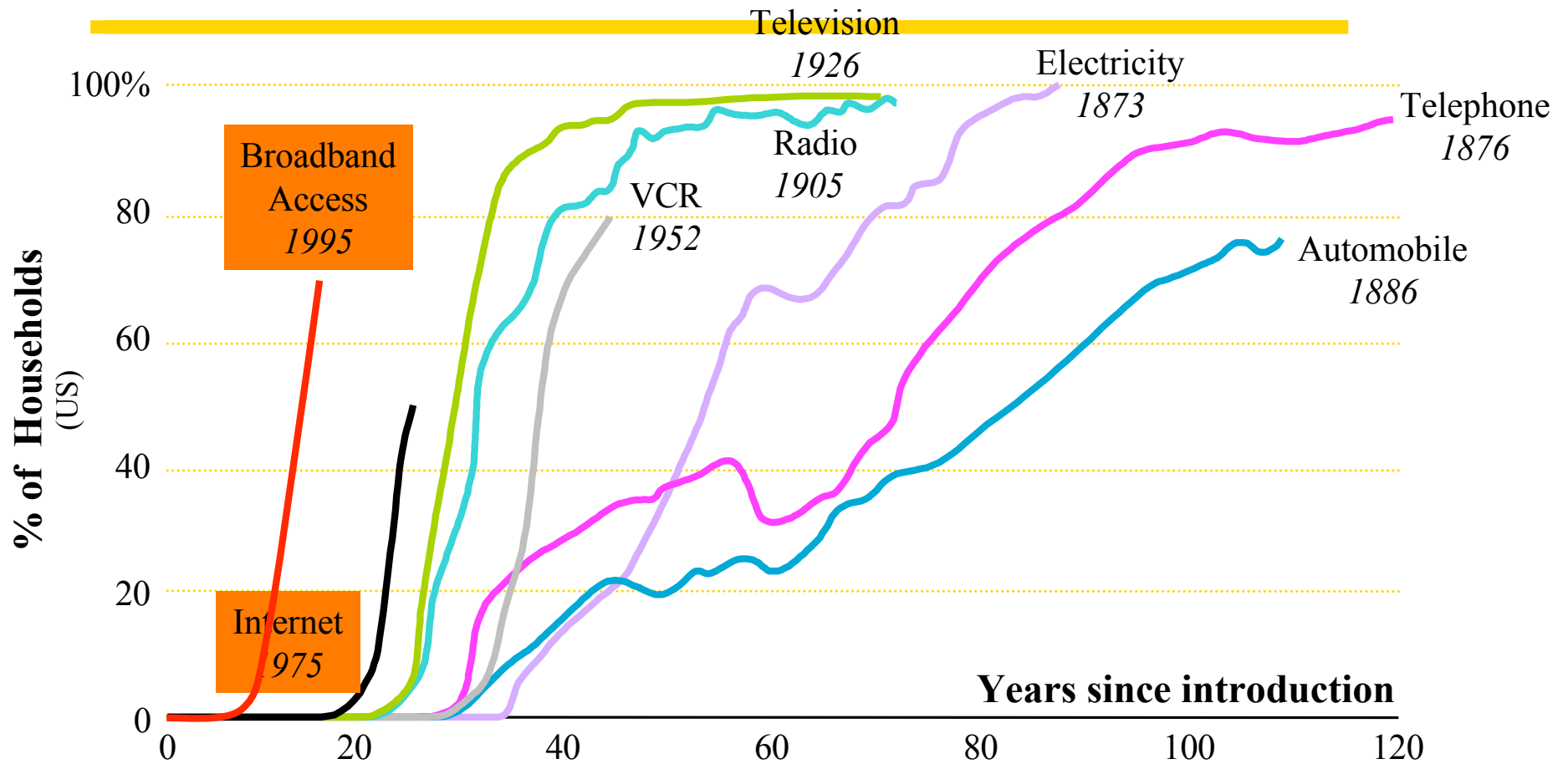
Newer Questions

- Dependency on communications
 - Can we make the network more reliable?
- Configuration, ease-of-use
 - Can non-technical users use networks?
 - Autoconfiguration, zero-configuration, self-healing...
- Making them secure
 - Viruses, spam, DoS, identity theft, Trojan horses
- Are the old research-like questions still relevant?

Newer Questions

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- Are the old research-like questions still relevant
 - Yes, if new / disruptive technology emerges
 - What communication technology emerged in 2000's?

Internet/broadband: one of the fastest applications ever introduced



2005 = 30% broadband / 2010 = 70% broadband estimate

Today's Hot Technology Trends

- Examples?

Today's Hot Technology Trends

- Examples?
 - Social information (e.g., Amazon, Google)
 - Mobile computing everywhere
 - Cell-phones, sensor-nets, Bluetooth

Internet Systems Incorporating Social Information

- Several very successful examples
 - Google, Amazon, YouTube, MySpace, etc...
- Lots of new ideas floating around
 - Flight tickets' prices
 - Price checking
 - Spam filtering
 - Your own idea here...
- Paradigm shift:
 - New systems/workloads / algorithms are unpredictable
 - Engineers not used to design for unpredictability
 - Source of many tussles

Tussle in Cyberspace

- Old world: design systems to make choices
- New world: design systems to allow choices
- Multiple competing interests on the Internet

Tussle in Cyberspace

- Old world: design systems to make choices
- New world: design systems to allow choices
- Multiple competing interests on the Internet
 - Content value
 - Content with high value for users appears the same to ISP
 - Net neutrality
 - ISPs want pricing schemes, content providers don't
 - Investment in infrastructure vs. open interfaces
 - greed (local traffic optimization vs. social optimum)
 - privacy and anonymity vs. societal goals

Rules of Thumb

- Design for flexibility
 - Design for outcomes
 - Design for lots of choices
-
- Any challenges?

Design for Flexibility

- Flexibility might decrease efficiency
- Flexibility might increase complexity
- Flexibility might make it hard to secure

- ANTS?

Design for Outcomes

- Very, very hard to do
 - “My intuition is often wrong”

Design for many choices

- Many choices confuse users
 - Huge configuration problems
- Very, very hard to get the right balance between enough choices without configuration nightmares
- Many choices are hard to secure