Lecture 20: Software Maintenance

→ Software Evolution

Software types
 Laws of evolution

\rightarrow Maintaining software

✤ types of maintenance

hinspace challenges of maintenance

\rightarrow Reengineering and reverse engineering

→ Software Reuse

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^b During the active life of a software system, the work output of a development project is roughly constant (regardless of resources!)

\rightarrow Conservation of Familiarity

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Reuse

Source: van Vliet, 1999, Chapter 17

→ Software reuse aims to cut costs

- Developing software is expensive, so aim to reuse for related systems
 Successful approaches focus on reusing knowledge and experience rather than just software products
 - > Economics of reuse are complex as it costs more to develop *reusable* software

\rightarrow Libraries of Reusable Components

♦ domain specific libraries (e.g. Math libraries)
♦ program development libraries (e.g. Java AWT, C libraries)

→ Domain Engineering

♦ Divides software development into two parts:

- > domain analysis identifies generic reusable components for a problem domain
- \succ application development uses the domain components for specific applications.

\rightarrow Software Families

Many companies offer a range of related software systems

- > Choose a stable architecture for the software family
- > identify variations for different members of the family
- & Represents a strategic business decision about what software to develop

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10

References

van Vliet, H. "Software Engineering: Principles and Practice (2nd Edition)" Wiley, 1999.

Chapter 14 is a very good introduction to the problems and approaches to software maintenance. Chapter 17 covers software reuse in far more detail than we'll go into on this course.

Lehman, M.M. "Programs, Life Cycles, and Laws of Software Evolution". Proceedings of the IEEE, vol 68, no 9, 1980.

Lehman was one of the first to recognise that software evolution is a fact of life. His experience with a number of large systems led him to formulate his laws of evolution. This paper is included in the course readings. It is widely cited.

Pfleeger, S. L. "Software Engineering: Theory and Practice" Prentice Hall, 1998.

Pfleeger's chapter 10 provides some additional data on the costs of maintenance.

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