No books, no notes, and no calculators may be used.

All numerical answers must be actual numbers (decimals such as 0.15 or simple fractions such as 3/13 or 4/3), not just a formula. If this requires arithmetic on numbers bigger than 1000, you've either made a mistake, or you should think of an easier way to solve the problem.

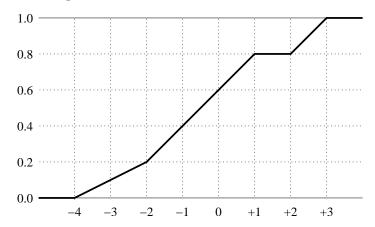
Q1: [45 marks] You are a participant in a game show, where you are shown an urn containing 100 black balls and 200 white balls. The game show host will randomly draw 72 balls from this urn, replacing each ball before drawing the next, and will pay you \$1000 if the number of times a black ball is drawn is 30 or less (if not, you get nothing). Find the probability that you will win the \$1000. An good approximate answer is sufficient. Show your work.

You may find the following table of the cumulative distribution function of the standard normal distribution to be helpful:

Table of the CDF for X when $X \sim N(0, 1)$:

													+3.0
$P(X \le x)$	0.001	0.006	0.023	0.067	0.159	0.309	0.500	0.691	0.841	0.933	0.977	0.994	0.999

Q2: [55 total marks] Here is a plot of the cumulative distribution function for a random variable X:



a) [25 marks] Draw a plot of the probability density function for X.

b) [10 marks] Find the numerical value of P(-3 < X < 0). Explain briefly how you got your answer.

c) [10 marks] Find the numerical value of E(X). Show your work.

d) [10 marks] Define Y = X/3. Find the numerical value of the probability density of Y at the point -1. In other words, find $f_Y(-1)$. Show your work.